





# The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

## SUMMARY OF NEWS

The Minnesota board of health has decided on the issuing of a circular to county superintendents of schools forbidding the employment as teacher of any person suffering from tuberculosis and debarring children suffering from that disease from admission to the schools.

Crazed with grief over the death of his son, who committed suicide with illuminating gas, Herman Schults of New York shot himself through the head while the funeral service was being read over the body of his son and fell prostrate across the coffin, dead.

Con Daly, the Yale oarsman who was refused his diploma for cribbing in his examinations last June and who has been making an effort to enter the law school, has been notified that no academic credits would be given him and that the law school declined to receive him.

Upon petition of creditors, E. J. Becker of Kansas City was appointed receiver for the Imperial Brewing Company of that city. The company owes about \$625,000, including \$325,000 in bonds. The failure is attributed to the reform movement in Missouri and Kansas.

Constable P. M. Martin was shot and instantly killed in Cedar Rapids, Iowa, by Mrs. Zella Eckles while attempting to take a small amount of household furniture under an execution of \$9.88. The woman was arrested. Martin was a veteran of the Civil War and was peace officer for nearly twenty years.

There is a good prospect of gold money entering soon into general circulation in Mexico, the exchange commission having ordered the mint to put in circulation the newly coined 5 and 10 peso pieces by exchanging them for the old gold coins. These newer coins are struck under the monetary reform plan.

To supply money to a man with whom who was in love, May E. Golding, cashier of the New York branch of the Larkin company of Buffalo, stated in a written confession in court that she had been stealing from her employers for more than two years. Manager E. M. May testified he believed the amount stolen was about \$8,000.

An opponent of the Standard Oil Company has appeared in California in the Western Oil Refining and Manufacturing Company, which is backed by Liebes Brothers, millionaire furriers, and Henry J. Croker, also a millionaire. Croker and Liebes Brothers have secured control of the Western Oil Company plant at Rodeo, Contra Costa county.

Acting for himself and in the name of the State district attorney, Warren W. Moore of the Fifty-third District Court in Austin, Texas, filed suit against fifteen railroads of Texas for sums ranging from \$3,000 to \$25,000. These suits are brought in the nature of a penalty for failure to pay 1 per cent tax on the gross earnings as provided for in the Love tax bill, which the roads are fighting, and which is on an appeal to the higher courts, the State having won out in the trial court.

The question of the friar lands purchased in the Philippine Islands was practically settled the other day when the War Department, upon the cable request of the commission, directed the International Banking corporation in New York to pay to Francisco Gutierrez, representing the Philippine Sugar Estates Development Company and the University of St. Thomas, the sum of \$3,521,657 (gold) in settlement of the claims. The payment is to be made in New York City, except the sum of \$300,000, which is to be paid in Manila.

### NEWS NUGGETS.

Ex-Congressman Jerry Simpson died in Wichita, Kan. His wife and son were at the bedside at the time of death. By the explosion of a gas machine in the Methodist Episcopal church at Good Hope, Ohio, Junior Charles R. Bell was fatally injured and thirty people were hurt in the panic.

Alice Hegon Rice, author of "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch," has confessed judgment in Louisiana on back taxes for the last three years on assessments totaling \$26,000.

William H. Wanamaker, head of the firm of Wanamaker & Brown, and brother of John Wanamaker, died at his home in Philadelphia after a short illness. He was 65 years of age.

As the result of accidents on railroad trains 880 persons were killed and 13,783 injured during the twelve months ending June 30, 1905, according to a report of the interstate commerce commission.

The Governor's mansion at Jefferson City, Mo., was damaged to the extent of \$10,000 by fire Monday morning at 3 o'clock. Gov. Folk, his wife and guests had to seek quarters at a nearby hotel.

Members of the Capitol Hill Methodist church in Denver have refused an offer of a more pretentious edifice in the center of Denver because the worshippers and pastor fear it would make them vain.

A report will soon be issued by the geological survey which will show that in 1904 the United States produced 98 per cent of the world's known output of natural gas, the product being worth \$38,400,700.

F. W. Boughton, a banker of New York who was in Hamilton, Ohio, installing a new savings system in the Miami Valley National Bank, eloped with Miss Elsie Brown, head waitress in a restaurant.

"Cool" Burgess, the well-known minstrel, died in the general hospital in Toronto, Ont., of a complication of diseases. In the prime days of negro minstrelsy in this country Burgess was associated with "Billy" Emerson, "Jack" Haverly and "Cal" Wagner.

Pointers in northern Minnesota are nearly as costly as apples. Farmers who planted quarter sections of the tubers are not receiving a yield large enough to warrant digging, and thousands of acres will be allowed to rot in the ground rather than create expense through digging operations.

## SOUNDS A RATE LAW CALL.

President Roosevelt in a Speech Urges More Power Over Railroads.

In his tour of the South President Roosevelt has spoken many times. At Raleigh, N. C., the President in beginning his address reviewed North Carolina's part in the making of the history of the republic, and alluded to its present condition of prosperity. He spoke of the duties of the individual citizen to the nation and to the State, and then launched into the main purpose of his address, the government supervision of railroads. On this subject he said:

I do not believe in government ownership of anything which can with propriety be left in private hands, and in particular I should most strenuously object to government ownership of railroads. But I believe with equal firmness that it is out of the question for the government not to exercise a supervisory and regulatory right over the railroads; for it is vital to the well being of the public that they should be managed in a spirit of fairness and justice toward all the public.

Actual experience has shown that it is not possible to leave the railroads uncontrolled. Such a system, or rather such a lack of system, is fertile in abuses of every kind, and puts a premium upon unscrupulous and ruthless cunning in railroad management; for there are some big shippers and some railroad managers who are always willing to take unfair advantage of their weaker competitors, and they thereby force other big shippers and big railroad men who would like to do decently into similar acts of wrong and injustice, under penalty of being left behind in the race for success. Government supervision is needed quite as much in the interest of the big shipper and of the railroad man who want to do right as in the interest of the small shipper and the consumer.

Experience has shown that the present laws are defective and need amendment. The effort to prohibit all restraint of competition, whether reason-

## JERRY SIMPSON IS DEAD.

Noted Kansas Ex-Congressman Passes Away at Wichita.

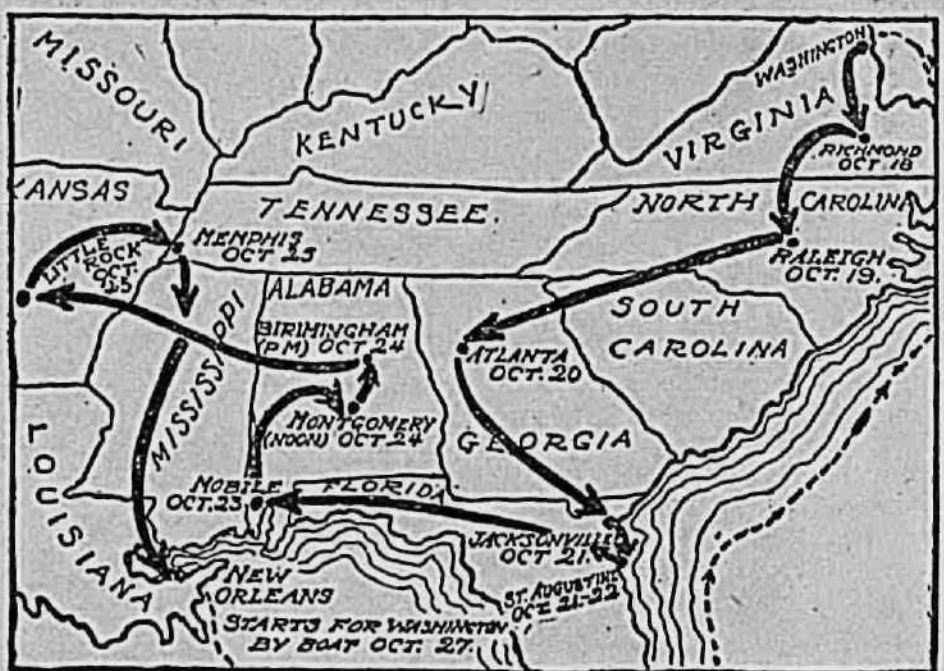
Ex-Congressman Jerry Simpson died in Wichita, Kan., early Monday morning. The patient's condition became hopeless ten days before, and since then he had kept alive chiefly through his own will power. He was afflicted with a valvular ailment of the heart. Mr. Simpson had been in ill-health for nearly a year. Six months ago he consulted a specialist at Chicago, who pronounced his case hopeless. Burial



JERRY SIMPSON.

took place at Wichita under the auspices of the Masonic order. This last illness attacked the noted Kansan in New Mexico.

Mr. Simpson was born in New Brunswick in 1812 and raised as a boy in Onondaga County, New York. His early days were marked by so bitter a poverty that he said one day, after means and fame had come to him: "In those days God seemed to have selected my branch of the Simpson family for every kind of a hard knock. The knocks came to us in bunches." He was a lake captain of note in



MAP SHOWING PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S ITINERARY.

able or unreasonable, is unwise. What we need is to have some administrative body with ample power to forbid combination that is hurtful to the public, and to prevent favoritism to one individual at the expense of another.

In other words, we want an administrative body with the power to secure fair and just treatment as among all shippers who use the railroads—and all shippers have a right to use them. We must not leave the enforcement of such a law merely to the department of justice; it is out of the question for the law department of the government to do what should be purely administrative work.

The abuses of which we have a genuine right to complain take many shapes. Rebates are not now often given openly. But they can be given just as effectively in covert form, and private cars, terminal tracks, and the like must be brought under the control of the commission or administrative body, which is to exercise supervision by the government.

But, in my judgment, the most important thing to do is to give to this administrative body power to make its findings effective, and this can be done only by giving it power, when complaint is made of a given rate as being unjust or unreasonable, if it finds the complaint proper, then itself to fix a maximum rate which it regards as just and reasonable, this rate to go into effect practically at once—that is, within a reasonable time—and to stay in effect unless reversed by the courts.

It must be understood, as a matter of course, that if this power is granted it is to be exercised with wisdom and caution and self-restraint. The interstate commerce commissioner or other government official who failed to protect a railroad that was in the right against any clamor, no matter how violent, on the part of the public, would be guilty of as gross a wrong as if he corruptly rendered an improper service to the railroad at the expense of the public.

**Lashes the Grifters.**  
In a brief speech at Atlanta President Roosevelt unmercifully lashed the grifters in politics and called on decent men to denounce dishonest officials and whip them into obscurity.

"Drive every dishonest and corrupt man out of office," shouted the President. "You are false to your trust as American citizens if you allow such a man to remain in office a single day. No matter how high the man's standing, drive him out if he is corrupt."

"The surest way of blunting the public conscience in dealing with corruption is to confuse the public mind as to who is corrupt and who is not."

"In our legislative bodies, in our national Congress, if you know that any man is corrupt you are not to be excused if you do not hunt him out of public life."

Chicago and other ports after he reached his twentieth year, served in the Twelfth Illinois Infantry during the Civil War and moved to Kansas in 1878, opening a farm six miles from Medicine Lodge, in Barbour County.

Advance in politics was rapid—from Republicanism to Greenbackism and then to Populism. As a Populist he was elected to Congress in 1890 and served four years. A second election came to him in 1897, when he served two years.

Of late years he had given his energies to promoting land and irrigation schemes for New Mexico, the dry climate of the territory benefiting his health and the undeveloped resources inviting the capital of himself and friends. He was a strong advocate of statehood for New Mexico.

### A UNIQUE DISTINCTION.

Senator Fulton, Oregon's One Honest Member of Congress.

The unique distinction, set in a framework of disgrace, is that which falls to Hon. Charles William Fulton of Oregon.

He is one honest man out of four sent by his State to Congress and will be the only one to meet with the national lawmakers when they assemble at Washington in December. The other three are either in State prison or on their way to that institution.

Senator Fulton, having been convicted of criminal acts in connection with the government lands in the Northwest. The three whose seats will be vacant are Senator John H. Mitchell, Representative Binger Herman and Representative Charles N. Williamson.

Senator Fulton was born in Lima, O., Aug. 24, 1833, and moved to Iowa, where the family lived 16 years. There he was educated. Next the family moved to Nebraska, where the future Senator studied law at Pawnee City. He also taught school. In 1876 he landed in Oregon, taught school for a while and then began the practice of law. Within three years after entering the State he was a Senator in the Legislature. Later he was city attorney of Astoria and then returned to the State Senate for several terms, being president part of the time. He succeeded Joseph Simon in the United States Senate in 1903.

### Brief News Items.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad has purchased 100 acres of water front in Tacoma, Wash., for \$750,000.

Through police headquarters a country-wide alarm has been sent out for Abraham Schiffer, a banker of Alamosa, Colo., who is missing.

Judge A. G. Brandner of Kansas City committed suicide because of grief over the death, a year ago, of his wife. On Oct. 3, 4 and 5 he made unsuccessful attempts to kill himself at his wife's grave in Onaga.

## BUZZARDS OF SOCIETY

TIRELESS VAMPIRES EVER BUSY IN FASHIONABLE SET.

Blackmailing the Weapon of the Scoundrel Who Worms His Way Into the Confidence of the Rich at New York and Newport and Springs a Trap

Society in New York and Newport is paying its tribute of coin and broken hearts to a flock of human vampires, men and women, which for years have been preying upon the members of the richest and most exclusive families in the East. It is an extraordinary situation, of which an instance is furnished by the charge against Charles H. Able, who is accused of attempting to blackmail members of the fashionable colony. He, it is alleged by Edward M. Post, attempted to coerce Post into buying a book dealing with scandalous affairs in higher life in which a story concerning Post would be printed if he did not subscribe. This is but an incident in a long series of alleged crimes of a similar nature, which have in rare instances crept into the public prints and which have broken up homes, separated engaged couples, estranged relatives and dragged members of the proudest families in the mire or divorce courts. Hundreds of cases go unnoticed. It is only when an occasion of unusual public interest, some mysterious affair happens, that the general public gets a glimpse of the blackmail and graft that goes on behind the scenes in Fifth avenue and in Newport.

"The fact that the public hears of these things but at long intervals," said a well-informed student of the doings of society, "must not be taken as an evidence that the blackmailing of society is sporadic. It is going on all the while. Year after year the vampires are at their work."

The "system," as the police or Wall street would call it, is at work incessantly. The threat of publicity is the chief weapon of the social vampire, and when there is the hint of a mystery and it is suddenly hushed up, you may rest assured that the vampire is hard pressed to hold the grip and is playing for high stakes. While the social highwayman is rare, the vampire is ever with us. The social highwayman, in the nature of things, cannot last. But with the vampire, if once they gain a foothold in a family, there is but little chance to get rid of them.

**Lead Victims Into Trap.**  
"If I so desired I could name a number of young men who have wormed their way into the most exclusive families of the city, and who are widely known because of that fact. They are handsome and accomplished men, who have carefully trained themselves and who never tire in the seeming devotion to the persons to whom they have attached themselves, and one will aid the other until at last all are fattening upon some of the most prominent homes in Newport presided over by matrons who can claim the title of leadership in society without fear of contradiction."

This is the most common form of blackmailing and the methods of all these men are similar. They are persistent when once they have obtained the slightest hold upon their victims and finally in a false spirit of daring or bravado against social usages and customs they lead their prey into a trap carefully set until the tongue of scandal begins to wag and the victim is hopelessly in the toils.

Once established firmly, the demands of these vampires know no bounds. They even presume to dictate the lists of guests at social entertainments and stir up useless and scandalous feuds between families allied by marriage and friendly interests that have extended over generations. The demands increase until a halt is called and then come threats of exposure. Family councils are called and in the end a compromise generally is effected to avoid publicity and the attending disgrace. Seldom do the facts become known beyond a certain favored coterie of the inner circle. No family seems to be safe from the operations of these vampires, none too proud or too exclusive to be dragged in the mire.

"Only recently a bogus baron, who bade fair to fasten himself on one of the best known families in Newport, was driven away by exposure of him printed in the newspapers. The woman at the head of the household was very sorry to lose the baron's society, even after his exposure, but the baron did not wait to find out what her attitude would be. He was thinking only of swift justice for the crimes of forgery and swindling, but the woman thought only that he was handsome and would make a good ornament about her household."

**Female Barber.**  
Samson was about to bring down the house. "A strong man, indeed," remarked the ancient king. "I would like to get the key to his wonderful strength." "I can get the key," replied Delilah. "If I once get his locks." And procuring a pair of shears she gave the strong man his first hair-cut.

**Peaceful.**  
"Bobbins was tickled to death over the outcome of the Portsmouth conference. He is a radical advocate of universal peace."

**Evidence of the Senses.**  
"What was the number of the automobile that ran over you?" "I don't know. I heard it, smelled it and felt it—but I couldn't see it."—Ellegende Blatter.

**A Breezy Section.**  
Stranger (in Oklahoma)—You don't have any skyscrapers out here, do you? Sagebrush George—Don't, eh? Any one of them shacks is liable to be a skyscraper during the cyclone season!

### THE SECRET OF YOUTH.

De Soto looked for the secret of youth in a spring of gushing, life-giving waters, which he was sure he would find in the New World. Alchemists and sages (thousands of them) have spent their lives in quest of it, but it is only found by those happy people who can digest and assimilate the right food which keeps the physical body perfect that peace and comfort are the sure results.

A remarkable man of 94 says: "For many long years I suffered more or less with chronic costiveness and painful indigestion. This condition made life a great burden to me, as you may well imagine."

"Two years ago I began to use Grape-Nuts as food, and am thankful that I did. It has been a blessing to me in every way. I first noticed that it had restored my digestion. This was a great gain, but was nothing to compare in importance with the fact that in a short time my bowels were restored to free and normal action."

"The cure seemed to be complete; for two years I have had none of the old trouble. I use the Grape-Nuts food every morning for breakfast and frequently eat nothing else. The use has made me comfortable and happy, and although I will be 94 years old next fall I have become strong and supple again, erect in figure and can walk with anybody and enjoy it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. "There's a reason."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in every package.

The Duke of Connaught, Prince Arthur of Great Britain, who has just entered his 50th year, was the godson of the Duke of Wellington. Lieut. Gen. Alexander Rodger, who was prominent in the Russo-Turkish war, is again in the limelight of the Russian stage through numerous articles and books on military questions. Cameron Corbett, M. P., has made over to the city of Glasgow his large estate between Loch Goll and Loch Long to be a pleasure ground for the people with the proviso that no intoxicants shall be sold on the premises.

## Classified.

The society reported was away on his vacation and the horse reporter had been delegated to write up a wedding.

"But," protested the editor, glancing over the report, "you failed to mention the bridegroom's name." "It wasn't necessary," explained the equine authority. "He finished among those who 'also ran.'"

**Ravages of Time.**  
"Even the hairs of our heads are numbered," quoted the good old deacon with the bald pate.

"Well, uncle," rejoined his irreverent nephew, "in your case the count doesn't take up much of the enumerating angel's time."

### Good News for All.

Bradford, Tenn., Oct. 23.—(Special.)—Scientific research shows Kidney Trouble to be the father of so many diseases that news of a discovery of a sure cure for it cannot fail to be welcomed all over the country. And according to Mr. J. A. Davis of this place just such a cure is found in Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Davis says: "Dodd's Kidney Pills are all that is claimed for them. They have done me more good than anything I have ever taken. I had Kidney Trouble very bad and after taking a few boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills I am completely cured. I cannot praise them too much."

Kidney Complaint develops into Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Diabetes, Rheumatism and other painful and fatal diseases. The safeguard is to cure your kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills when they show the first symptom of disease.

### Business and Pleasure.

"Every morning Mrs. A. used to remain at home and do her churning. Now she spins past here in her automobile."

"You don't say! Has she given up her dairy business?" "Oh, no. Instead of turning the clumsy old churn she just places the milk cans in the automobile and by the time she has run twenty miles the cream has been shaken into butter."

### RESTORED HIS HAIR.

Scalp Humor Cured by Cuticura Soap and Ointment After All Else Failed.

"I was troubled with a severe scalp humor and loss of hair that gave me a great deal of annoyance and inconvenience. After unsuccessful efforts with many remedies and so-called hair tonics, a friend induced me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The humor was cured in a short time, my hair was restored as healthy as ever, and I can gladly say I have since been entirely free from any further annoyance. I shall always use Cuticura Soap, and I keep the Ointment on hand to use as a dressing for the hair and scalp. (Signed) Fred K. Busche, 213 East 67th street, New York City."

**Useful.**  
"I hear that you really take pumpkins for subscriptions to your paper," drawled the old farmer, who had mowed the winding stairs to the editorial rooms of the rural paper. "For awhile," replied the editor. "Bout how long?" "Until the autumn poets stop sending in poems. We pay them off in pumpkins."

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## COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

Chicago. Trade generally exhibits well distributed activity. The movement of commodities exhausts available facilities by both rail and lake, while new demands provide large additions to forward bookings in the manufacturing lines. Lower temperature has stimulated further pressure in construction work, much requiring completion before winter appears, but some hindrance, due to difficulty in getting material promptly is experienced.

The change in weather was favorable to extended disposition of seasonal wares, and retail trade progressed in clothing, household needs and footwear. Prices for ordinary necessities are high, but this does retard an increasing volume of consumption.

Wholesale operations continue on a satisfactory basis and heavy shipments to the interior are current in the principal staples, dry goods, shoes, blankets and woollens being most prominent. The buying holds up well in silk, linen and cotton fabrics.

Country advices reflect encouraging conditions in merchandizing, collections are reasonably prompt and defaults under those of both last week and the corresponding week last year.

Iron and steel production is exerted to the limit of capacity. Factory and foundry work makes steady advance. The leather working trades have considerable orders ahead, desirable woods for both building and manufacturing show growing scarcity, and approved plans include some construction for next spring. Railroad traffic is enormous and managers are forced to issue additional heavy commitments for cars and motive power.

Failures reported in Chicago district number twenty-three, against twenty-nine last week and twenty-six a year ago.—Dun's Review of Trade.

### New York.

Cool weather, later than usual in arriving this year, has given a stimulus to retail trade throughout a wide area and helped the already active jobbing trade through the medium of reorders. Further strength has developed in iron and steel, which, though perhaps quieter so far as new business is concerned, are more firmly held or show further advances. Export trade in all kinds of grain and shows expansion. Prices of nearly all commodities are strong or tend upward, reflecting insistent demand. Demand for money is still growing and stock market movements are being subordinated to requirements to move crops and finance commercial operations along all lines. Some Western centers still report their banks drawing down Eastern balances to meet nearer requirements. The only flaw in the situation at present—one, by the way, flowing from intense activity in all lines of industry—is the growing inability of the railroads to handle the freight traffic offering. This complaint is well-nigh universal. Business failures for the week ended Oct. 12 number 183, against 189 last week, 106 in the like week of 1904, 203 in 1903, 203 in 1902 and 98 in 1901. In Canada failures for the week number 25, as against 25 last week and 18 in this week a year ago.—Bradstreet's Commercial Report.

### THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$6.30; hogs, prime heavy, \$4.00 to \$5.55; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$5.75; wheat, No. 2, 85c to 86c; corn, No. 2, 50c to 52c; oats, standard, 27c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 58c to 60c; hay, timothy, \$8.50 to \$12.50; prairie, \$9.00 to \$11.50; butter, choice creamery, 18c to 21c; eggs, fresh, 17c to 20c; potatoes, per bushel, 53c to 62c.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, choice heavy, \$4.00 to \$5.50; sheep, common to prime, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 85c to 87c; corn, No. 2 white, 53c to 55c; oats, No. 2 white, 27c to 29c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.45; sheep, \$4.00 to \$5.15; wheat, No. 2, 80c to 88c; corn, No. 2, 40c to 50c; oats, No. 2, 20c to 28c; rye, No. 2, 58c to 60c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$4.85; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.45; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 87c to 89c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 20c to 30c; rye, No. 2, 60c to 70c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$4.50 to \$5.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.25; sheep, \$2.60 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 85c to 86c; corn, No. 3 yellow, 57c to 59c; oats, No. 3 white, 20c to 31c; rye, No. 2, 67c to 68c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 82c to 85c; corn, No. 3, 51c to 52c; oats, standard, 20c to 30c; rye, No. 1, 68c to 69c; hay, No. 2, 52c to 53c; pork, mess, \$10.20.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 85c to 88c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 51c to 53c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 30c to 32c; rye, No. 2, 54c to 56c; clover seed, prime, \$3.15.

Burlington—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$5.50; hogs, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$5.00; sheep, common to good mixed, \$1.00 to \$5.50; lambs, fair to choice, \$5.00 to \$6.00.

New York—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.45; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, 85c to 91c; corn, No. 2, 50c to 51c; oats, natural, white, 33c to 35c; butter, creamery, 20c to 22c; eggs, western, 17c to 23c.



# ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

## VOTE FRAUD INDICTMENTS FOUND

### Conspiracy Charge Is Made Against Six Men in Bills by Grand Jury.

Indictments charging conspiracy to defraud the administration of public justice were returned in Joliet by the grand jury which has been engaged in an investigation of the ballot fraud cases for the last month against three men, one of the three and four others being at the same time indicted as confidence men, or swindlers. Included in the indictment charging conspiracy are three more men, described as "unknown" to the grand jury, but who, it is believed, will be arrested in a few days. The indictments are the sequel to the discovery of changed ballots at the city election April 18, when charges of fraud were raised by the friends of Mayor William C. Crolius, who was seeking re-election over Richard J. Barr, but was defeated on the face of the returns by 110 plurality. Crolius already is under indictment, charged with interference with voters at the aldermanic election last year, and his trial is set for the present term of court. The men against whom indictments were returned charging conspiracy are: Oscar Maxon, leader of a gang of sharpshooters that had headquarters in Joliet at the time of the last city election. William H. Evans, now a saloon-keeper at 1234 West Harrison street, Chicago; Homer Mooney, assistant city clerk. Maxon is indicted also with five other men on the charge of attempting to defraud Frank L. Hall of Abilene, Kan., of \$8,000 by means of a "fake" prize fight the day before the city election. The indictment of Mooney caused a great sensation, compared with the interest aroused by the indictment of the others. He is a popular young man, with a host of friends and relatives, who refuse to believe he is guilty of any crime.

### PROVES CHILD HER OWN.

### Goldie Yell Released After Submitting Evidence of Motherhood.

In St. Louis Captain Reynolds caused the arrest of Goldie Yell and her 2-year-old baby, whom she kidnapped from the Regan home in Alton. She was taken to police headquarters and immediately released, having convinced all that the child was hers. Chief Kieley said the arrest was made under the general request sent out by the Alton police for information concerning Goldie Yell and the child. Goldie and the child were found at the home of Mrs. Frank Lindhorst, where they have been sheltered since their arrival in St. Louis. On learning that the child and his mother, who was known at the Regan home only as his nurse, had been found in St. Louis, Mrs. Regan, who has maintained in spite of her husband's doubts and the positive assertions of Goldie Yell's mother, that the child was her own, admitted that he belonged to Goldie. "Goldie gave him to me," Mrs. Regan said. Then she gave way to hysterical weeping. Goldie Yell, who is also known as Goldie Howe, tells a full and convincing story of the birth of Baby George, of her compact with Mrs. Regan for his informal adoption, of her determination to recover him and of her flight with the boy from Alton to St. Louis.

### ONE KILLED, SCORE INJURED.

### Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Passenger Ditched at Springfield.

One woman was killed and over a score of others were injured in the wreck of a west-bound Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern passenger train in the outskirts of Springfield. The accident occurred just west of the city limits at a coal mine switch. The wind had blown an empty coal car from a siding close to the main track. Traveling at a rate of fifteen miles an hour, the engine of the passenger train struck the coal car. The force of the collision broke the coupling between the tender and baggage car, and as the engine plunged ahead the coal car rebounded and struck the middle of the baggage car. Baggage car, smoker and day coach were overturned in succession.

### GIVES UP LIFE FOR BABY.

### Father Burns to Death Trying to Save Child.

John Kantrik was burned to death in a heroic attempt to save his baby daughter Annie from a blazing tenement building at 672 Jefferson street, Chicago. Both were burned to death and their charred bodies were found in a closet under the stairway leading to the three-story building, which was totally destroyed. Twenty-five other persons escaped with their lives after thrilling rescues had been made. John Janas, son of the owner of the building, ran through the smoke and carried out two of his brothers from the bedroom on the second floor. He then rushed back and carried out his mother. The children were Joseph, 7 years old, and Stanley, 4 years old.

### TRAIN WRECKED BY COW.

### Heavy Freight on Iowa Central Is Ditched at Seaton.

Five trainmen were killed at Seaton when a heavy, double-header freight train, east-bound, on the Iowa Central Railroad, ran into a bunch of cattle while racing at a speed of twenty miles an hour. Both locomotives were wrecked. The freight property destroyed. The train was carrying a heavy load of coal. The train was wrecked at Seaton, Iowa, where it was carrying a heavy load of coal. The train was wrecked at Seaton, Iowa, where it was carrying a heavy load of coal. The train was wrecked at Seaton, Iowa, where it was carrying a heavy load of coal.

### MURDER IN CHICAGO.

Patrick McGarry was slain by two men and a woman. Patrick McGarry, a wealthy manufacturer, who is believed to have been assaulted by two men and a woman in Chicago, and left in the street, where he was struck by the fender of an electric car, is dead. He did not regain consciousness.

## State News in Brief.

A fine new building for the use of the women at the University of Illinois in Champaign was dedicated last week.

Roe Gregory, a politician, was shot and probably fatally wounded by Howard Cooper in a quarrel at Mount Vernon.

The 2-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Child, residing near Ambory, accidentally fell into a water tank and was drowned.

A score of State Senators and members of the Assembly were the guests of State Senator A. J. Anderson at Rockford the other day.

Fire caused a \$50,000 loss at Sidney, the Knights of Pythias building, George Cole's general store and Cole & Son's restaurant and meat market being destroyed.

The inspection and quarantine service against yellow fever maintained by the Illinois State board of health at Thebes and Brookport has been raised and service at Cairo discontinued.

Oscar Maxon, alias John Jennings, alias James Cummings, wanted in Joliet on an indictment charging election fraud, was arrested in Springfield by Sheriff Brainerd and was taken to Joliet.

A through freight on the Big Four plunged into a washout and was wrecked near Hillsboro. Two tramps were killed and another so badly injured he will die. The engine and seven cars were demolished.

Frank Johnson of Chicago, a carpenter employed on the Bresser building, in course of construction in Springfield, fell down an elevator shaft, a distance of 102 feet, and was fatally injured. The cable broke as he was descending from work.

Bank Examiner C. H. Bosworth of Chicago will not finish the examination of the finances of the Peoria National Bank in time for an investigation by the federal grand jury at this term of court, and the prospects are that there is an early investigation into the methods of N. O. Dougherty it will have to be by a special grand jury.

N. S. Hahn, a prominent citizen of Henderson, is in the county jail, and Frank Cronkite is dead as the result of a shooting affray at the Cronkite home. Hahn is a well-to-do farmer and has been justice of the peace for several years and is quite a figure in politics. It is said that there had been a feud between the men for some time.

Apparently believing himself to be an incurable victim of a drug habit, a man apparently 40 years old leaped into the Desplained river at Lyons and was drowned before help reached him. B. Duke Bradford of Berwyn and his family, who were fishing, saw the man plunge into the water. Bradford attempted to rescue the man, but failed.

K. H. Steinhauser has purchased the Nashville electric light plant from the present owners, the deal being closed at East St. Louis by C. M. Foreman. The purchase price was not made public, but is supposed to involve a cash payment besides the assumption of the present incumbrance on the plant. In addition to the incumbrance service the company also has a franchise with the city for lighting the streets, the life of which is for eight more years.

Standing beside his wife's grave in Graceland cemetery, Chicago, John Anlicker, 61 years old, placed a revolver in his mouth and fired, inflicting probably fatal injuries. Anlicker, since the death of his wife, Mary, in 1902, has lived the life of a recluse in a barn. He and his wife had saved \$5,000. After shooting himself Anlicker told the police that it was the loss of this sum through speculation that caused him to try to take his life.

Chief Justice Fuller, in the United States Supreme Court allowed Illinois until Nov. 15 in which to file the brief in the drainage canal case brought by the State of Missouri. In the brief, Missouri a number of maps and charts will appear, which have been delayed. To enable the counsel for Illinois to examine these it was necessary to extend the time for filing the Illinois brief. The chief justice assigned the case for oral argument on Jan. 2, 1906, immediately after the convening of the court after the Christmas recess.

The Illinois grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, has decided to establish a State home for aged Pythians and orphans. A committee of seven was appointed to select a location and contract for buildings. The committee is authorized to expend not to exceed \$25,000 before the meeting of the next grand lodge. The committee consists of Charles L. Fry, Chicago; Daniel Keen, Mount Carmel; L. T. Crisler, Chicago; B. R. Wright, Taylorville; Joseph M. Omo, Chicago; Smith L. Von Fossen, Beardstown; Charles E. Chamberlain, Lebanon.

As a result of action by the University of Illinois council of administration V. M. Bonham of Macomb, R. C. Diggins of Harvard, D. G. Revis of Newton and J. M. Elyard of Pontiac were suspended from the university one year for hazing. They are all members of the sophomore class and all but Elyard were students in the college of engineering. Elyard, who was a sophomore in the college of agriculture, was one of the varsity's prominent weight men. The offense of the dismissed consisted in "ducking" freshmen in the boneyard, the campus stream.

Mrs. Lola L. Rickard, matron of the Odd Fellows' Old Folks' Home of Illinois, located in the west part of Coles county, tendered her resignation to the board of trustees, to take effect Nov. 1. Mrs. Rickard states that she will retain the presidency of the State Rebekah Assembly until the end of her term of office, but that she will remove her residence to Decatur. The friction between Mrs. Rickard and the Odd Fellows' and Rebekahs began about three years ago and a bitter fight has been made against her at every meeting of the grand lodge since that time, but she was not only able to outwit her enemies, but was successful in being elected to the presidency of the Rebekah Assembly of Illinois.

## THREATS CAUSE SUICIDE.

### Dentist of Yates City Kills Himself After Telling of Troubles.

Driven to desperation, it is believed, by threats of a Chicago woman, whose identity has not yet been disclosed and whose life he says he once saved, Dr. G. H. Stephenson of Yates City fired a bullet through his heart, causing instant death. His body was found in his office. He left three letters, an open one saying that he committed suicide because he had not succeeded in business as he wished and that he was entirely sane; another to his father at Apple River and the third to Miss Sadie McKinley of Yates City, to whom he had been paying attentions for the last three months. Dr. Stephenson took Miss McKinley to church the evening before his death and was at her home until nearly midnight. According to her statement he seemed much disturbed over a letter which he said he had received from a Chicago woman in the morning mail. While he did not show this letter he said that in it the woman threatened to shoot him on sight. He said he must stop her pursuing him. On previous visits he had told Miss McKinley that this woman was wealthy, that he once saved her life, and that, angered because he would not marry her, she pursued him with threats. He received one of these letters every few weeks and some time ago showed Miss McKinley one in which the woman threatened to follow him to the end of the earth. He at no time revealed to her the name of the strange correspondent.

## BOY SHOTS APPLE OWNER.

### Lad Fires at Farmer Whose Orchard He Was Robbing.

Henry L. Schlerhorn, a farmer living near River Grove, was shot through the shoulder by Joseph Bannach, a 17-year-old boy, who lived at 80 E. 10th street, Chicago. Bannach, accompanied by two other boys, Stanley Cieslinski, 10 years old, and John Woonach, 10 years old, was stealing apples in the orchard owned by Mr. Schlerhorn, when the farmer's son, after ordering them away, ran and told his father that the boys were in the orchard. Mr. Schlerhorn started immediately for the orchard, and found the boys still there when he arrived. He ordered them away from the trees, and told them to leave the sacks which they had filled with apples. The boys refused to go, and he attempted to drive them out, when Bannach turned on him, and, drawing a revolver, shot him through the shoulder. As soon as Bannach found that he had wounded Schlerhorn he and his companions ran into the road, and away from the scene of the shooting. The police of the Irving Park police station were notified and captured the boys.

## JURORS GET NO MONEY.

### Compelled to Serve Free on Account of Treasury Deficit.

"The law must be enforced, no matter whether the county can pay its jurors or not," declared Judge William Craig of Coles county. There was murmuring among the jurors over the meager condition of the county and the fact that they would have to serve without pay. Judge Craig created a sensation by his threat that any person who attempted to dissuade jurors from serving because of the uncertainty of their remuneration would be held for contempt. The county treasury has been empty for some time and claims are piling up, with no money to meet them. Taxes for next year have been anticipated, the court house built six years ago at a cost of \$200,000 is still unpaid, and the county owes many thousands to jurors, witnesses and others. Action by the State authorities may be necessary to straighten out the financial tangle, the most unfortunate in the history of the State.

## DEATH FOLLOWS BANK FAILURE.

### Nelson G. Burnham Succumbs to Shock of Dougherty's Defalcations.

Nelson G. Burnham, a heavy stockholder in the failed Peoria National Bank and one of the most prominent and wealthy citizens of Peoria, died as the result of a shock brought on by the news of the alleged defalcations of Newton C. Dougherty, president of the Peoria National Bank. Mr. Burnham took his bed following the sensational disclosures and sank rapidly, the doctors ascribing his sudden death to the shock he received at the failure of the bank.

## ELOPE IN AN AUTOMOBILE.

### Parents Opposing Marriage Outwitted by Young Couple.

Miss Cella Cherry of Cortland and A. B. Stuber of De Kalb eloped in an automobile for parts unknown. Arrangements had been made for a wedding in the near future at the home of the bride, but her parents refused to give their consent at the last, as their daughter is only about 18 years of age. The elopement resulted.

## ENDS LIFE WITH POISON.

### Lack of Money Is the Cause of Traveling Man's Death.

H. W. Bishop, a traveling salesman whose home is in Litchfield, committed suicide in St. Louis by taking poison. He left a letter addressed to his wife, saying that financial difficulties caused him to take his life. Bishop was a member of a prominent central Illinois family.

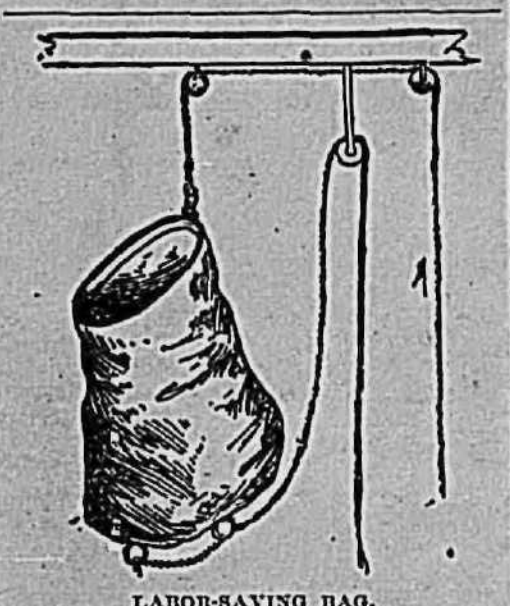
May Run for Congress. Attorney General Stoddard decided at Springfield that Mayor McCaskrin of Rock Island may still file an amended petition and have his name placed on the official ballot as an independent candidate for Congress in the fourteenth district.

Package of Money Stolen. During the absence of Agent Hudnoll a package for the National Bank in Nokomis containing \$1,250 was stolen from the local office of the American Express Company. Robert Anderson, the son of a prominent family, was arrested. All but \$50 was recovered.



## A Labor-Saving Bag.

It is not an easy task for the man who must do all of the work around the farm most of the year to handle some things alone, so that if he is at all ingenious he welcomes the devices which will enable him to do his work more easily. Here is a plan for one man to handle grains or any other thing which may be placed in a bag which is stored in the upper part of the barn and must go to the main floor. Take a bag of strong material, a seed bag is the best, and have it sewed so that it will be a trifle smaller at the top than in any other part; a light iron or strong wire hoop is then sewn around the top, so that the bag



LABOR-SAVING BAG.

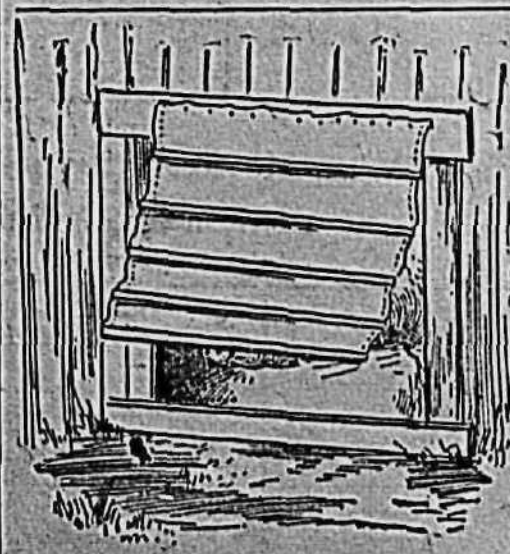
is kept open and yet the contents are not easily spilled out. Two rings are placed in the bottom of the bag several inches apart and a ring is slipped over the wire or iron hoop before it is sewed to the bag. Place a strip of lumber properly braced over the top of the door and to it fasten three pulleys, the center one fastened so that it will come down some four inches lower than the others. Now fasten one rope to the ring in the hoop, run it through the first and the third pulleys and you have the raising and lowering rope. Then fasten a second rope in the ring at the bottom of the bag, the one farthest away, run it through the second ring and then up through the middle pulley and you have the contrivance by which the bag may be easily dumped. A glance at the illustration will show how useful this appliance is and how readily it will work in practice.

## Use the Whitewash.

A writer in a prominent poultry journal says that the houses should be whitewashed and cleaned twice a year. By cleaning it is assumed he means everything removed and thoroughly renovated. The poultryman who works on this plan can not keep the house free from vermin and disease no matter how freely he may use insect powder, and how thoroughly the whitewashing is done twice a year. Twenty years of experience in raising poultry has taught the writer that no house ought to go longer than two months without being thoroughly whitewashed in every nook and crevice. In certain seasons the work is done more frequently. All our houses are built with scratching sheds so it is easy to do the whitewashing while the hens are in the shed and then by shutting them in the house whitewash the scratching sheds. Insect powder is, of course, a necessity, but less of it will be necessary if the houses are kept clean by lime and disinfectant.

## Door for a Hog House.

There is no good reason why the door to the hog house should be made of heavy boards and kept shut nor why the house should be without any door if one will work out this simple plan. Take some strong burlap or an old fertilizer bag and get a few laths. Plate the laths an inch apart on both



DOOR FOR THE HOG HOUSE.

sides of the bag (crosswise) and fasten them to each other, nailing through the bag. Hem the edges of the bag so they will not ravel, then fasten over the opening in the door, letting it nearly touch at the bottom. The laths will weight it sufficiently to hold it in place so that it will keep out cold and storm.



President Roosevelt is mapping out a lot of work to occupy the attention of Congress when it next assembles. Questions that are of great moment to the business world and the public in general are to be placed squarely before the legislators for action. The President's attitude on the railway rate question has not been modified since he first directed attention to the manifest evil that has grown up under the insidious system of rebates. Mr. Roosevelt strikes the keynote when he says the highways must be kept open to all on equal terms. The abuses of the private car line and the private terminal track and private side switch system must be stopped, the President says. There is little doubt that the majority of the people echo his sentiments in this regard. If the President has his way, power to revise and regulate rates will be invested in the Interstate Commerce Commission. Another measure of great importance that will be recommended by the President is a bill to prevent bribery and other forms of corruption in Federal elections. State courts have shown in a lamentable number of instances that they are not beyond the baneful influence of ward leaders, and attempts to punish violators of the sanctity of the ballot box have ignominiously failed. The absolute purification of politics probably will ever remain an iridescent dream, but there is little doubt that a Federal statute, asking the trial of offenders against the ballot out of the control of State courts, would be a long step forward in a commendable effort to free the ballot box of fraud. Federal control of insurance is another question that will be discussed in the President's message. The disclosures that are being made in the investigation in New York have aroused a storm of indignation protest from policy holders who demand that their interests shall be protected and safeguarded by Federal control.

The new Anglo-Japanese treaty differs from the earlier treaty in several important particulars. It runs for a period of ten years; it embodies a recognition on the part of Great Britain of the paramount political, military and economic interests of Japan in Korea, and on the part of Japan of the right of Great Britain to take such measures as she may find necessary for safeguarding her Indian possessions; it applies the principle of "the open door" for the commerce of all nations to Korea; and, most important of all, it pledges each power to come to the assistance of the other in war, not merely when its ally is attacked by two powers, as in the earlier treaty, but when it is involved in any war in defense of its territorial rights or special interests "in the regions of eastern Asia and India."

The folly of maintaining custom houses to serve the interests of politicians is clearly outlined by James H. Reynolds, second assistant of the United States treasury, who says that of the 157 custom ports in our country 111 do not pay expenses. Crisfield, Md., received \$22.70 in customs last year and \$2,700 was paid out for salaries. Beaufort, N. C., took in \$155 and paid out \$1,000. The salaries paid to the collectors of the customs are \$111,000. All told, these 111 out of the receipts fall behind the expense, cost the government nearly \$300,000 every year.

Surgeon General R. M. O'Reilly of the army has submitted an exhaustive annual report on health conditions to Secretary Taft. The report says that the enlisted strength of the army, as shown upon the monthly sick report, was 58,740, and on the returns of the military secretary 60,139, and calculations are made up on the latter figures. There were 70,530 "admissions to the sick report" during the year, 490 deaths from all causes and 1,377 discharges for disability. The figures, Dr. O'Reilly says, show a steady and progressive improvement in the health of the army.

When the Civil War crossed the Union army had an enrollment of a little more than a million. In June of this year the report of the Commissioner of Pensions showed more than six hundred and eighty thousand survivors on the pension rolls. There are probably many veterans who do not appear on the pension rolls, so that the number of survivors is remarkably large. Certainly the sentimental cartoon which the newspapers print each Memorial day of the "thin blue line" and decimated ranks does not represent the facts.

Because of the loss of submarine boats in Europe, the Secretary of the Navy has ordered that no American submarine be allowed to go down unless accompanied by a convoy equipped with hoisting apparatus for use in case of accident. Every mother whose son goes aboard a submarine vessel will be glad that this order has been issued. And when the President went down in the Plunger at Oyster Bay in August, the nation rejoiced that the convoy was at hand.



# SIX DAYS ONLY

but days that will long be remembered by the thrifty shopper of Waukegan and Lake County. Each day will be brimful of money-saving opportunities that will never come again. For this one week every dollar invested at our store will do double duty. The offerings for this great advertising sale will be the most remarkable in the history of merchandising. Give us a chance to do you good.

C. & M. Electric Cars Stop at Our Door

# Hein Orstein Co

212 North Genesee Street

Next Door to American Express Office

# ONLY ONE WEEK

but the greatest opportunities of a life time will be crowded in. Not a quotation resembling normal figures appears in this announcement. All merchandise has been closely scrutinized. Its original cost and worth, together with its desirability at this season of the year have been carefully considered. The result is an assemblage of values that has never been equalled. These bargains are to spread our fame.

Remember the Place, 212 North Genesee St., next to American Express Office

## Great Advertising Sale From October 28 to November 4

A Week During Which we Sell Regardless of Profit, Solely as an Advertisement and to Show our Appreciation of the Liberal Patronage Accorded us During our First Six Months in Business.

This will be a week during which our customers shall reap the harvest. We are so well pleased with the liberal patronage that has been accorded us that we have decided to devote this week entirely and solely to furnishing our patrons goods at manufacturer's own prices—prices at which many of our competitors would be glad to stock up. Our profit during this week will be in pleasing old customers and gaining new ones. The enormous stock laid in for our Grand Fall Opening, and which was large enough for the whole season, was completely cleaned out and we found it necessary to telegraph the manufacturers and engage a special buyer in the east to fill our depleted shelves. This wonderful sale represented an ordinary season's business—more than we really anticipated. We are satisfied with our profits and now we propose to give you a week that will be a golden harvest to you, a week in which you can buy as cheaply as the biggest merchant price in the land. This is the week when we will drive the truth of our profit-sharing policy home, nail it down and clinch it on the other side. Our store is crowded to the doors with a stock that is the equal, if not the superior of the grand exposition of sterling values and seasonable wearing apparel for Ladies, Misses and Children that characterized our Grand Fall Opening Sale. The prices we make for this grand Advertising Sale make the prices quoted by the famous mail-order houses look like high-way robbery. Scrutinize the offerings in each department carefully and assure yourself of the real merit of every item we have for your inspection.

### Ladies' Suits Coats and Cravenettes

An unsurpassed assortment of dependable goods in the newest and nobbiest styles...



- Ladies' all wool Cravenette Raincoats, regular price \$8.50, this special sale **\$5.75**
- Ladies' all wool Cravenette Raincoats, shirred or pleated back, a coat that is positively sold at \$15 in Chicago, our sale price **9.48**
- Ladies' all wool Kersey Coats, in the empire back or half tight-fitting styles, in tan or black, worth \$10, at **5.98**
- Ladies' all wool long Empire Coats, in cheviot or montenak cloth, worth \$12, this sale **6.98**
- Our large variety of \$10 Coats is worth seeing, most of them are \$15 and \$18 Coats, empire or belted effect in all the different materials, sale **10.00**
- Ladies' handsome Winter Coats, in fine castor shades, also beautiful black Coats, worth \$25, this special sale **15.98**
- Ladies' fine Suits, in mixtures or plain goods, very neatly trimmed, regular \$10 value, special sale **6.98**
- Ladies' three-quarter length Suits, tight-fitting or loose back, very neatly made, worth \$15, special sale **9.98**
- Ladies' Long Tight-Fitting Suits, strap trimmings, satin lined, the most beautiful styles of the season, worth \$25, special sale **14.98**
- Ladies' handsome Tight-fitting 50-inch Coats, lined with best Skinnings, satin, made of the best imported material, regular price \$30, this sale **25.00**
- Ladies' 45-inch long collarless Coat, medium or dark mixture, loose belted back, inlaid velvet at neck, double breasted, worth \$12, this great sale **6.98**
- Ladies' 45-inch Broadcloth Coat, squirrel lining, lined throughout, shawl collar of fine fur, worth \$25, this sale **17.48**
- Ladies' all wool Kersey Coat in black with pretty fur collar, worth \$12.50, this sale **6.98**
- LATEST STYLE SUITS at \$10.99**—Women's New Autumn Suits, made of mannish novelty materials. This coat is 50 inches long, fitted back, single breasted, now sleeve. The skirt the latest model. A suit advertised all around us for \$16, our special price this sale **10.98**

### Millinery Department

#### Hats Trimmed Free

In saying "hats trimmed free" we mean that if you buy your trimmings at our millinery counter, you can have your hat trimmed free of all additional charge by our expert trimmer. This means a splendid saving to you—at least half of what you would expect to pay for the same article in Chicago. You will be astonished at the saving and satisfaction you will obtain by this plan.



Price \$4.98

#### Ready-to-wear Hats 79c up

We were fortunate in securing the entire line of Trimmed Hats of a large Chicago house which later changed its plans. Only by purchasing the entire stock in its entirety did we secure these marvelous bargains. We are selling them at 50 per cent less than the cost of manufacture. See the \$2.00 hat we sell at **79c**

#### Fine Tailored Hats at \$2.48

The balance of our fine Tailored Hats, trimmed with feathers, ornaments, ribbons, etc., regular 4.00 and 6.00 values, at this sale **2.48**

A MARVELOUS SAVING TO YOU.



#### Corsets

Fine Batiste Corsets, with or without garters, long hip, regular 50c seller, special for this sale **39c**

Very fine 1.25 Corset, special for this sale **89c**

#### Corset Covers

Ladies' fine muslin Corset Covers, wide lace insertion, hem-stitched ruffle, regular 60c seller, special sale **25c**

Ladies' cambric Corset Covers, with Valenciennes lace insertion, also lace ruffle, sold everywhere for 75c, special sale **49c**

Ladies' black Corset Covers, worth 50 cents, special for this great sale **25c**



Price \$4.98

#### As an example of this Money-saving Plan we quote you the Following:

- Fine Felt Hat.....58c
- Feather.....28c
- 1-2 Yard Silk Velvet.....48c
- Bandeau.....15c
- Total for Stylish Hat.....**\$1.49**

Worth fully \$3 to \$5 and Trimmed Free of Charge.



#### Waists

**WOMEN'S TAFFETA SILK WAISTS, 2.98**—Made of fine washable taffeta silk, embroidered front, cluster of pine tucks and box plaits on either side, newest stock collar, latest sleeve with deep cuff, all sizes, 4.00 waists ordinarily, at this sale **2.98**

Ladies' fine Nun's Veiling, all colors, open front, deep tucked cuffs, tucked back **2.25**

Ladies' cotton Poplin Waists, in brown, blue, green and black, regular 1.00 seller, special for this sale **39c**

Ladies' cashmere, marocain or chammy cloth Waists, some with embroidered fronts, special for this sale **98c**

Ladies' brilliantine Waists, some plaited, others trimmed with buttons, sold anywhere for 2.98, special sale **1.98**

Ladies' all wool batiste Waists or Nun's Veiling, with hand-made silk polka dot trimmings, special sale **2.48**

Ladies' beautiful all lace ruffled Waists, silk lining, sold anywhere for 10.00, special sale **5.98**

Polite and attentive salesladies who are thoroughly posted on the splendid lines we carry make it pleasant for you to trade at Waukegan's Greatest Store.



### Fur Department

Nothing less than a personal inspection will enable you to grasp the real magnitude and merit of our Fur Department. The leading furriers of the world have contributed to this really magnificent stock. Every article is well made, superbly lined and perfectly fitted. Not a point has been overlooked in the selection of this line. We devoted extraordinary care to our selection and hundreds of garments were made to our special order because we would be satisfied with none but the best. The favor with which this line has been received assures us that we made no mistake, and we sincerely hope that you will avail yourself of the extraordinary low prices we are making during this great Advertising Sale. Space permits us to quote but few prices, but we have Scarfs from \$7 to \$50, and Coats from \$22 to \$500.

We cannot tell you half the merit of this wonderful Fur Department. No department store in Chicago has a stock to equal it, and many of these stores would be glad at the present time to take over our whole stock at the prices we are offering it at retail. If you have been buying in Chicago, a visit to our store will convince you that Hein Orstein Co. give you better bargains in everything, furs especially, and we guarantee that in the future when you think of furs you will think of Hein Orstein Co.'s store. It is the bargain center.

- Ladies' black Fur Scarfs, with two fresh tails, worth \$1.50, special sale price **59c**
- Ladies' fine dark brown Siberia Scarfs, worth \$2.50, special sale **98c**
- Ladies' Muskrat Scarfs, sold anywhere at \$4, special sale **1.98**
- Imitation Russian Sable, with six brush tails, worth \$7.50, special sale **4.98**
- Ladies' Opossum Scarfs, very fine selected fur, good heavy brush tail, worth \$8, special sale **4.98**
- Handsome ladies' long Fox Scarf, either dark brown or light, with very full brush tail, sold everywhere for \$12, special for this sale **6.98**

From \$7 to \$50 in Scarfs, and from \$22 to \$500 in Coats

#### Dressing Sacques

Ladies' flannellette Dressing Sacques or Kimonos, neatly trimmed, well worth 50c, special sale **29c**

Ladies' flannellette Sacques, extra heavy quality, Persian trimming, sold everywhere for \$1, special sale **79c**

Ladies' Japanese or Persian Dressing Sacques, nicely trimmed, special for this week **98c**

#### Night Gowns

Ladies' shaker flannel Night Gowns, fancy yoke and braid trimmings, worth \$6, special sale **35c**

Ladies' flannellette Night Gowns, full sizes, trimmed with fancy braids, etc., regular \$1 seller, special sale **59c**

Ladies' spun glass Black Petticoats, with double ruffle, special sale **49c**

### Children's Department



#### Children's Coats

- Children's Heavy Beaver Coats, in blue, brown or green, sleeve with embroidered anchor and eagle, belted back coat which is well worth \$4.00, will be sold at this sale **\$1.98**
- Child's Zibeline or Cheviot Coats, big box plaits in back, belt with two buckles in back, trimmed with velvet, a \$5.00 coat, this special, sizes up to 14 **2.98**
- Child's Beautiful Empire Coat, trimmed with fine silk braid and made up in good durable material, coat worth \$7.50, sizes up to 14, this sale **4.98**
- Child's all wool Kersey Coats, all style and colors worth \$8.00, at **4.98**
- Child's Coats in Crushed Plush, sizes up to 6, worth \$6.00, special **3.98**
- Handsome Little Broad Cloth Coats, all colors, lined with inter lining, worth \$4.00, at **2.48**

#### Children's Dresses

- Children's School Dresses, made up in checks or plain material, very neatly trimmed, regular \$2.00 seller, special sale **98c**
- Children's cashmere or worsted Dresses, with or without braid and trimmings, sold anywhere for \$3.00, special sale **1.79**
- Children's shepard plaid Dresses, Buster Brown or suspender style, very neatly made, regular \$3.00 seller, special for this sale **1.79**

#### Infants' Wear

- Infants' Kimonos, made up in daisy flannel, all colors, special for this sale **15c**
- Infants' Kimonos, made up in plain, colored daisy flannel, with white shawl collar, regular 60c seller, special sale **25c**
- Infants' knitted Sacques, very neatly trimmed, sold anywhere for 60c, special **25c**
- Infants' knitted Booties, full length, neatly trimmed, regular 25c seller, special sale **10c**
- Infants' all wool knitted Leggings, in black or white, regular 60c seller, special sale **39c**

#### Infant Bonnets

- Infants' Bear Skin Bonnets, regular sellers, 75 cents, special for this great sale **49c**
- Infants' Bonnets, made up in silk or velvet, with beautiful cord trimming, sold everywhere for \$1.25, special for this great sale **79c**

Remember, a child can buy as cheaply as an adult at this store. All prices marked in plain red figures, and we make special efforts to look after the wants of the young folks when they are sent to shop for their elders. Any purchase they make that is unsatisfactory will be cheerfully exchanged.

The fact that we pay cash and take advantage of all discounts enables us at all times to quote lower prices than can be found elsewhere. We conduct our business at the minimum of expense, and are at all times satisfied with the most modest of profits.

**RIBBONS**  
Ribbons in all colors, regular value, 10c yard, special sale, yard **8c**  
Satin or Tulle Ribbons wide enough for hair ribbons, special sale, yard **5c**  
Heavy satin or Tulle Ribbons, sold anywhere for 15c yard, special sale, yard **8c**  
Beautiful plain Ribbons, regular 30c value, special for this sale **25c**  
Mousseline Ribbons, 4 in. wide, in all colors, sold anywhere for 30c, special for this sale **25c**

**HANDKERCHIEFS**  
Ladies' fine Handkerchiefs, lace insertion or hemstitched, special sale only **8c**  
Ladies' fancy Handkerchiefs, lace insertion or large embroidered border, regular 25c seller, special sale only **10c**  
Ladies' extra fine quality Handkerchiefs, val-lace insertion or deep embroidery, sold anywhere for 35c, special sale **15c**  
**LADIES' NECKWEAR**  
Ladies' fine fancy Collars, up to date styles, made up in silk, linen or lace, regular 25c seller, special sale **10c**

**HOSIERY**  
Children's extra heavy ribbed Stockings, in all sizes, regular 25c seller, special sale **19c**  
Ladies' imported Black Hosiery, full, regular made and machine dyed, double soles, for this sale **10c**  
Ladies' heavy black fleece lined Hosiery, regular 25c value, special sale **19c**  
Ladies' black worsted Hosiery, regular value 40c, special sale **25c**  
Ladies' black Hosiery, winter weight, regular 25c seller, special sale **19c**

**If You Buy Winter Furs, Coats, or Skirts Now You'll Save Money**  
and considerable. It's only logical that a store with such an outlet as we have, that pays cash for every thing purchased, should offer the largest and best lots first. We can pick and choose and use his keen judgment in selecting from the many offers received daily from the furriers of the east. That's why you'll always find the latest and largest and most varied varieties and on hand. A careful examination has proved worth-fully made. The fundamental principle of our business is to share with our customers the advantage of our cash payment.

**WINTER FURS, COATS, or SKIRTS NOW YOU'LL SAVE MONEY**  
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**LADIES' BELTS**  
Ladies' patent leather Belts, sold anywhere for 25c, special sale **19c**  
Ladies' Silk Belts, very latest styles, our regular 40c seller, special sale **29c**  
**CHILDREN'S QVARTERS**  
Children's Black Quarters, in all sizes, 15c a pair, special for this sale **10c**  
**UMBRELLAS**  
Ladies' Umbrellas, fancy handles, regular \$1 seller, special sale **60c**  
Ladies' fine Umbrellas, very handsome handles, sold anywhere at \$2, sale **98c**







# The Doctor's Wife

BY MISS M. E. BRADDON

## CHAPTER VI.

George Gilbert started for Convent-ford on a bright March morning, when the pale pinroses glimmered among the underwood, and the odor of early violets mingled faintly with the air.

Mr. Gilbert drew rein on the green, which was quiet enough to-day. Should he go to the chemist's in the market place and get his drugs, and thence to Mr. Raymond's house, which was at the other end of the town; or rather on the outskirts of the country and beyond the town; or should he go first to Mr. Raymond's by quiet back lanes which were free of the bustle and riot of the market place? To go to the chemist first would be the wiser course, perhaps; but then it wouldn't be very agreeable to have drugs in his pocket, and to smell of rhubarb and camomile flowers when he made his appearance before Miss Sleaford.

If Mr. Raymond had resembled other people he would have been considerably surprised by a young gentleman in the medical profession venturing to make a morning call upon his nursery governess; but as Mr. Charles Raymond was the very opposite of everybody else in the world, he received George as cordially as if it was his habit to receive every living creature who had need of his friendliness, and he sent Brown Molly away to his stable and set her master at his ease, before George had quite left off blushing in his first paroxysms of shyness.

"Come into my room," cried Mr. Raymond, in a voice that had more vibration in it than any other voice that ever rang out upon the air. "Come into my room. You've had a letter from Miss Sleaford—and he's told you all about Miss Sleaford. Very nice girl, but wants to be educated before she can teach; keeps the little ones amused, however, and takes them out in the meadows; a very nice, conscientious little thing; cautiousness very large; can't get anything out of her past life; turns pale and begins to cry when I ask her questions; has seen a good deal of trouble, I'm afraid. Never mind; we'll try and make her happy."

Charles Raymond took George into the drawing room, and from the bay window the young man saw Isabel Sleaford once more, as he had seen her first in a garden. But the scene had a different aspect from that other scene, which still lingered in his mind, like a picture seen briefly in a crowded gallery.

Instead of the pear trees on the low, disorderly grass plot, the straggling branches green against the yellow sunshine of July, George saw a close-cropped lawn and trim flower beds, stiff groups of hawthorn and bare, bleak fields unsheltered from the chill March winds. Against the cold, blue sky he saw Isabel's slight figure, not loitering in a garden chair reading a novel, but walking primly with two pale-faced children dressed in black. A chill sense of pain crept through the surgeon's breast as he looked at the girlish figure, the pale, joyless face, the sad, dreaming eyes. He felt that some inexplicable change had come to Isabel Sleaford since that July day on which she had talked of her pet authors and glowed and trembled with childish love for the dear books out of whose pages she took the joys and sorrows of her life.

The three pale faces, the three black dresses, had a desolate look in the cold sunlight. Mr. Raymond tapped at the glass and beckoned to the nursery governess.

"Melancholy looking objects, are they not?" he said to George as the three girls came toward the window. "I've told my housekeeper to give them plenty of roast meat, not too much done. Meat is the best antidote for melancholy."

He opened the window and admitted Isabel and her two pupils.

"Here's a friend come to see you, Miss Sleaford," he said. "A friend of Sigismund's."

George held out his hand, but he saw something like terror in the girls' eyes. He recognized him, the little straight-away into a gulf of confusion and embarrassment.

"Sigismund asked me to call," he stammered. "Sigismund told me to write and tell him how you were."

Miss Sleaford's eyes filled with tears. The tears came unbidden to her eyes now with the smallest provocation.

"You are all very good to me," she said.

"There, you children, go into the garden and walk about," cried Mr. Raymond. "You go with them, Gilbert, and then come in and tell us all about your Graybridge patients."

It was dusk when George Gilbert went to the chemist and recovered his parcel of drugs. He would not stop to dine at the White Lion, but paid for Brown Molly's accommodation and sprang into the saddle. He rode homeward through the solemn avenue, the dusky cathedral aisle, the infinite temple, fashioned by the great architect, Nature. He rode through the long, ghostly avenue until the twinkling lights of Waverly glimmered on him faintly between the bare branches of the trees.

"Yes, he loved her; the wondrous flower that never yet thrived by the calendar" had burst into full bloom. He loved this young woman, and believed in her, and was ready to bring her to his simple home whenever she pleased to come thither; and had already pictured her sitting opposite to him in the little parlor, making weak tea for him in a metal teapot, serving commonplace but-tons upon his commonplace shirts, debating as to whether there should be roast beef or boiled mutton for the 2 o'clock dinner, sitting up alone in that most uninteresting little parlor when the surgeon's patients were tiresome and insisted upon being ill in the night, waiting to preside over little suppers of cold meat and pickles, bread and cheese, and glory. Yes; George pictured Miss Sleaford the heroine of such a domestic story as this, and had no power to divine that there was any incongruity in the fancy.

no fineness of ear to discover the dissonant intervals between the heroine and the story. Alas! poor Isabel and all your fancies, all the pretty stories woven out of your novels, all your long day dreams about Marie Antoinette and Charlotte Corday, Edith Dombey and Ernest Maltravers—all your foolish pictures of a modern Byron or a new Napoleon, exiled to St. Helena, and followed, perhaps liberated by you—are they all come to this? Are none of the wonderful things that happen to women ever to happen to you? Are you never to be a Charlotte Corday, and die for your country? Are you never to wear any ruby velvet, and diamonds in your hair? Are all the pages of the great book of life to be closed upon you—who seemed to yourself predestined, by reason of so many dreams and fancies, to such a wonderful existence? Is all the mystic cloudland of your dreams to collapse and shrivel into this—a commonplace, square built cottage at Graybridge, with a commonplace surgeon for your husband?

Mr. Raymond was thinking that perhaps the highest fate held for that pale girl with the yellow tinge in her eyes was to share the home of a simple-hearted country surgeon, and rear his children to be honest men and virtuous women.

"Poor little orphan child! will anybody ever fathom her fancies or understand her dreams? Will she marry that good, sheepish, country surgeon, who has fallen in love with her? He can give her a home and a shelter; and she seems such a poor, friendless little creature, just the sort of girl to get into some kind of mischief if she were left to herself. Perhaps it's about the best thing that could happen to her. I should like to have fancied a brighter fate for her, a life with more color in it."

And all this time George was pleading with her, and arguing, from her blushes and her silence, that his suit was not hopeless. Emboldened by the girl's tacit encouragement, he grew more and more eloquent, and went on to tell her how he had loved her from the first; yes, from that first summer's afternoon when he had seen her sitting under the pear trees in the old-fashioned garden, with the low yellow light behind her.

"Of course I didn't know then that I loved you, Isabel—oh, may I call you Isabel? It is such a pretty name. I have written it over and over and over on the leaves of a blotting book at home, very often without knowing that I was writing it. I only thought at first that I admired you because you are so beautiful, and so different from other beautiful women; and then, when I was always thinking of you, and wondering about you, I wouldn't believe that it was because I loved you. It is only today, this dear happy day, that has made me understand what I have felt all along; and now I know that I have loved you from the first, Isabel, dear Isabel, from the very first."

All this was quite as it should be. Isabel's heart fluttered like the wings of a young bird that essays its first flight.

"This is what it is to be a heroine," she thought, as she looked down at the colored pebbles, the floating river weeds, under the clear rippling water, and yet know all the time by virtue of feminine second sight, that George Gilbert was gazing at her and adoring her. She didn't like him, but she liked him to be there talking to her.

"Dear Isabel, you will marry me, won't you? You can't mean to say no, you would have said it before now. You would not be so cruel as to let me hope, even for a minute, if you meant to disappoint me."

"I have known you—you have known me—such a short time," the girl murmured.

George Gilbert seized upon the words. "Ah, then, you will marry me, my own darling—my beautiful wife!"

He was almost startled by the intensity of his own feelings as he bent down and kissed the little ungloved hand lying on the moss-grown stone work of the bridge.

"Oh, Isabel, if you could only know how happy you have made me! If you could only know—"

She looked at him with a startled expression in her face. Was it all settled, then, so suddenly—with so little consideration? Yes, it was all settled; she was beloved with one of those passions that endure for a lifetime. George had said something to that effect. The story had begun, and she was a heroine.

## CHAPTER VII.

Isabel Sleaford was "engaged." Her life was all settled. She was not to be a great poetess or an actress. She was not to be anything great. She was only to be a country surgeon's wife.

It was very commonplace, perhaps; and yet this lonely girl—this untalented and unendowed creature—felt some little pride in her new position. After all, she had read many novels in which the story was very little more than this—three volumes of simple love making, and a quiet wedding at the end of the chapter. She was not to be an Edith Dombey or a Jane Eyre. Oh, to have been Jane Eyre, and to roam away on the cold moorland and starve—wouldn't that have been delicious!

No, there was to be a very moderate portion of romance in her life; but still some romance. George Gilbert would be very devoted, and would worship her always, of course. But for the pure and perfect love that makes marriage twice holy—the love which counts so sacrifice too great, no suffering too bitter—the love which knows no change but death, and seems instinct with such divinity that love can be but its apotheosis—such love as this had no place in Isabel Sleaford's heart. Her books had given her some vague idea of this grand passion, and she began to think that the poets and novelists were all in the wrong, and that there were no heroes or heroines upon this commonplace earth. She thought this, and she was content

to sacrifice the foolish dreams of her girlhood, which were doubtless as impossible as they were beautiful. She was content to think that her lot in life was fixed, and that she was to be the wife of a good man and the mistress of an old-fashioned house in one of the dullest of towns. The time had slipped so quietly away since the spring twilight on the bridge, her engagement had been taken so much as a matter of course by every one about her, that no thought of withdrawal therefrom had ever entered her mind. And then again, why should she withdraw from the engagement? George loved her, and there was no one else who loved her. There was no wandering Jamie to come home in the still gloaming and scare her with the sight of his sad, reproachful face. If she was not George Gilbert's wife she would be nothing—a nursery governess forever, and ever, teaching stupid orphans and earning a hundred dollars a year. When she thought of her desolate position and of another subject which was most painful to her she clung to George Gilbert and was grateful to him, and fancied that she loved him.

The wedding day came at last one bleak January morning, when Convent-ford wore its barest and ugliest aspect, and Mr. Raymond gave his nursery governess away. He had given her the dress she wore, and the orphans had clubbed their pocket money to buy their present—a honest as a surprise, which was a failure, after the manner of artfully planned surprises.

Isabel Sleaford pronounced the words that made her George Gilbert's wife, and if she spoke them somewhat lightly it was because there had been no one to teach her their solemn import. There was no taint of falsehood in her heart, no thought of revolt or disobedience in her mind, and when she came out of the vestry leaning on her young husband's arm there was a smile of quiet contentment on her face.

The life that lay before Isabel was new, and being little more than a child as yet, she thought that novelty must mean happiness. She was to have a house of her own and servants, and an orchard, two horses and a gig. She was to be called Mrs. Gilbert; was not her name so engraved upon the cards George had ordered for her in a morocco card case that smelled like new boots and was difficult to open, as well as those wedding cards which the surgeon had distributed among his friends?

There was nothing beautiful in the Gilbert house certainly. There was a narrow mantelpiece, with a few blocks of spar and other mineral productions; and above them hung an old-fashioned engraving of some scriptural subject, in a wooden frame painted black. There was a lumbering old wardrobe—or press, as it was called—of painted wood, with a good deal of the paint clipped off; there was a painted dressing table, a square looking glass, with brass ornamentation about the stand and frame—a glass in which George Gilbert's grandfather had looked at himself seventy years before. Isabel stared at the black white walls, the gaunt shadows of the awkward furniture, with a horrible fascination. It was all so ugly, she thought; and her mind revolted against her husband, as she remembered that he could have changed all this, and yet had left it in its bald hideousness.

And all this time George was busy with his surgery, grinding his pestle in so cheerful a spirit that it seemed to fall into a kind of tune, and thinking how happy he was now that Isabel Sleaford was his wife.

(To be continued.)

## WHERE GEORGE ELIOT WROTE.

Little House in Which She Created "Middlemarch" Described.

You raise your eyes from the roses and see before you a little old house, almost hidden behind the screen of ivy and of roses on its walls, says a writer in the *Pilgrim*. The tiny, diamond-paned windows of the second story you do not observe at first—not until a ray of that blinking sun filters between the dark green leaves and glints from them.

The path, in which you stand, leads to a door, so low you must stoop to pass within. To either side are long, narrow windows set into the wall horizontally, also diamond-paned and opening outward on their hinges like the others. To the right of the house stands an ancient elder mill and all to the left is garden. Roses there in rank profusion grow, and honey-suckle and great, stinging Dutchman's panicles, with a row of overhanging hollyhocks behind, and again beyond a lattice, blue with morning glories.

The hedge of hawthorn breaks and runs around this fairy play-yard, and the house, leaning in its age, is so miniature as to seem, almost, the abiding place of pixies and of elves.

To the left of the hallway leading from the fairy door is another opening into a room with lowering ceiling and a floor but ten feet square. Before you, close against the wall, is a couch with a queer old-fashioned writing board fastened to the pillow at the end nearest the window. Across one corner of the room is a low bookcase and desk 200 years old, with a quaint carved buffet on beyond.

It is to see this room you've tramped the long three miles, for here the novel "Middlemarch" was written. Discovered by her on a ramble through historic Surrey one day, George Eliot entered the historic room and fell upon this sofa tired of tramping. She begged the privilege of remaining just a week. That one week lengthened into many and those who lived thereabouts came to know the sad-eyed woman who lay upon this couch and wrote and wrote, never leaving the task before her, save for one brief hour each day at sunset, when she would go out into the road between the hawthorn hedges and there walk back and forth before the fairy house.

## Largest Flag in the World.

The largest flag in the world was made in San Francisco for Hawaii. It is 80 feet long and consumed 700 yards of bunting, and floats from a pole 150 feet long.

# POLITICAL COMMENT

## Postponement Not Abandonment.

It is given out from Washington with an air of semi-authority that President Roosevelt will not discuss the tariff in his forthcoming message, and there is an inference implied that he has concluded there should be no revision. If it is true that he has abandoned his intention of recommending a change in the Dingley schedule, The Blade ventures to say that it is not because he has modified his views on that subject.

As every one knows, President Roosevelt's heart is set on bringing about a reform in railroad rates. He believes religiously in a government supervision that will put an effective check on rebates, discriminations and unreasonable charges. He knows, as every one else knows, that there is a radical defect in the present system. He knows, too, that this defect spreads to almost every branch of human activity. He thinks that he can confer a lasting benefit on the people if he can discover and apply that remedy. He looks upon the existing condition as threatening the country's prosperity, as militating against the many to the benefit of the few, even more acutely than do the inequalities of the Dingley bill.

It is the President's nature to grapple the most pressing questions first, and if he is silent on the Dingley bill in the message he is now preparing, it is because he regards the railroad rate question as paramount, and its solution most urgent. That important matter out of the way, the stand-patners may rest assured that he will return to the tariff question and thresh it out with all his accustomed vigor. The President is too close to the people not to know that they are demanding of the Republican party revision, and he is too well versed in commercial life not to know that this demand is both just and reasonable. As to the extent of this revision, as to how it shall be brought about, these are problems a Republican Congress must determine.—Toledo Blade.

## Massachusetts Republicans.

The action recently taken by the Republicans of Massachusetts in State convention is remarkable as showing the growth of tariff revision sentiment. That rock-ribbed fastness of the Home Market Club, spoke for revision and the distinguished Senator Lodge himself, hitherto a strong stand-patner, declared that the tariff schedules should be changed by the friends of protection.

It was a propitious sign, too, that the radicals, headed by the irrepressible Foss, did not insist on forcing their claims for reciprocal trade relations, but declared themselves satisfied with the concessions made by the stand-patners. It is a hopeful indication that the Republicans of the Old Bay State will go into the fight this fall united.

Both wings of the party in Massachusetts are as firm as adamant in the upholding of the great principle of protection. There is an honest difference of opinion as to the extent revision should take, and happily in this respect each has met the other half way. The tariff plank fulfills this condition admirably and is in line with the conservative thought of the party.

The nomination of Curtis Guild, Jr., who is a prominent revisionist, for Governor, and the harmony that has been brought out of the controversy over the tariff, promise the Republican party in Massachusetts a victory of the good old-fashioned kind.—Toledo Blade.

## How It Happened.

The value of general exports was heavier for June than the months before, which shows a much larger foreign demand, and contradicts the fears of the Free-Traders that this country is losing its foreign trade because of the Protective Tariff. The value of breadstuffs exported in the last June was much over \$2,000,000 more than in June of last year. There is still another point of importance to the labor of this country shown in the report, and it is that with the short wheep crop of last year there was a much smaller export of wheat and the figures for flour sent abroad remained nearly the same as the year before. That was caused by the importation of more Canadian wheat, which was made into flour by American workers, for wages, and then sold outside the country. That happened under the Republican policy of business for Americans, capitalists as well as workers.—Worcester "Telegram."

## The Logic of Facts.

In short, the exports of manufactured goods under the Dingley law, which free-traders claim would injure our export trade, are just double what they were under a Democratic tariff designed for the express purpose of our export trade, according to the accepted logic of the free-trade-tariff-reform school.

This demonstrates the trouble with free trade and tariff reform arguments. They are all right for closet purposes; but the irresistible logic of facts persists in proving the precise contrary to the closest deductions. Nevertheless, it is to be expected that the Democratic free traders and their tariff reform allies will persist in their claim that the present tariff law is bad for expansion of foreign trade—

not just now, maybe, but at some time in the future it will work out that way. It has expanded our exports steadily for nine years, but that does not prove anything to the free trader.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

## No Hurry.

The New York "Staats-Zeitung," the most influential German American paper in the Atlantic Coast States, hears from its Berlin correspondent that the German government is disposed to extend the present tariff arrangement with the United States beyond March 1, 1906, when the new general tariff law will go into effect in the Kaiser's dominions. It is said that the Berlin government will continue the present tariff provisions without change, as far as they concern the United States, for an indefinite period in order to allow this country ample time to arrange its tariff schedules so as to take advantage of the "conventional" schedules of the new Teutonic law.

There is little doubt that the "Staats-Zeitung's" information is correct; far more correct than that of Gustav H. Schwab, who is trying to make the commercial organizations believe that our exports to Germany will fall off to little or nothing if we don't hurry up and show the white flag. There is no cause for hurry. Germany will give the United States an indefinite period of time, all the time it wants, to decide whether or not to go into a reciprocity dicker. "It may be for years, and it may be forever."—American Economist.

## Many Objections.

Commercial reciprocity sounds well but it is usually open to many objections. It violates the principle that a protective tariff to be justifiable must be for all like, and it invites competitive aggression by helping to reward it. It also grants favors to the less friendly which to the more friendly are denied. Germany imposes a high duty on American products and therefore gets a special rate on certain things it sells in the American market. Great Britain admits American merchandise free, and is therefore debarred from sharing in the concession which Germany enjoys. That is how the principle of reciprocity works out, and there is no need to direct attention to the inequity of the result.

There will probably be no reciprocity treaty with Germany. How far the discrimination to be practiced under the new tariff will injuriously affect the United States remains to be seen. Possibly it will not do so to any considerable extent. Should the contrary happen and should it become necessary for this country to protect itself a special schedule for the benefit of German imports can easily be prepared, as was done recently in Canada, with consequences which led the Germans to regret they ever began the scrap.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

## Help from the South.

From the Southern States comes the promise of help in maintaining tariff stability. What time the tariff revision and reciprocity elements of the Republican party in Massachusetts and other States are bending their energies toward the demoralization of the prosperity producing system which is the outgrowth of the "cardinal principle" of Republicanism, the Democrats of the solid South are veering away from free trade—the "cardinal principle of Democracy." There are numerous indications of a determination on the part of Southern Congressmen to withhold their support from the movement to force upon the Fifty-ninth Congress the revision of the tariff. Representative Lester of Georgia, who is entering upon his ninth term as member of Congress from the Savannah district, expresses the opinion that Southern Democrats will hereafter be slow in favoring tariff revision downward, and that there will be no tariff legislation during the coming winter. The situation seems to be that while the South is not actively and openly for protection its industries are too largely the gainers through protection to warrant any interference with that policy. It is a healthy and encouraging sign.—American Economist.

## Cowardice.

If there is anything despicable in manhood it is that element which runs when the first threat of a charge reaches its ears. We refer to the people now crying for free-trade, free-trade, reciprocity and other kindred schemes for opening our home market to the cheap producer of Europe because Germany and a few other countries have declared they will scrap us commercially if we don't. Great Caesar! are we cowards? It looks like some of these think we are! But we are not. It will be found that our policy, which is purely American, was made for Americans and is not for Europe. We are for the American laborer, producer, manufacturer. The rest can go hang.—Salem (Ore.) "Statesman."

## If Left to Farmers.

If left to farmers, the present tariff schedules would not be touched. But it is easy to guess what will happen if the importers, who sit by the roadside and take toll, are to decide the tariff policy of the United States.—Burlington "Hawkeye."

MRS. EMMA FLEISSNER  
Suffered Over Two Years—Health Was  
In a Precarious Condition—Caused  
By Pulvic Catarrh.



## HEALTH AND STRENGTH RESTORED BY PE-RU-NA.

Mrs. Emma Fleissner, 1412 Sixth Ave., Seattle, Wash., Worthy Treasurer Sons of Temperance, writes:

"I suffered over two years with irregular and painful periods. My health was in a very precarious condition and I was anxious to find something to restore my health and strength."

"I was very glad to try Peruna and delighted to find that it was doing me good. I continued to use it a little over three months and found my troubles removed."

"I consider it a splendid medicine and shall never be without it, taking a dose occasionally when I feel rundown and tired."

One files contain thousands of testimonials which Dr. Hartman has received from grateful, happy women who have been restored to health by his remedy, Peruna.

## W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.50 & \$3.00 SHOES FOR MEN  
W. L. Douglas \$3.00 Calf Edge Line cannot be equaled at any price.



W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES AND SELL  
MORE MEN'S SHOES THAN  
ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER.

\$10.00 REWARD to anyone who can  
disprove his statement.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any \$3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost you \$5.00 to \$7.00—the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., and show you the way in which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world.

It could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes, you would understand why Douglas \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other \$3.50 shoes on the market today.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, \$2.50, \$2.00, Boys' School Shoes, \$1.50, \$1.00, \$0.50.

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitutes. None genuine without his name and picture stamped on both sides.

WANTED.—A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas Shoes are not sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request. Fast color fastness used; they will not wear away. Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

## \$16.00 AN ACRE

OF  
FARMS IN  
WESTERN  
CANADA  
FREE

is the amount that many farmers will realize from their wheat crop this year

## 25 BUSHELS TO THE ACRE

will be the average yield of wheat

The land that this was grown on cost many of the farmers absolutely nothing; while those who wished to add to the 100 acres the Government grants can buy land adjoining at FROM \$6 TO \$10 AN ACRE. Climate splendid, schools convenient, railways close at hand, taxes low. For "20th Century" Catalogue, pamphlet and full particulars regarding rates, etc. Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigrant Affairs, Canadian Pacific Railway, Room 100, Quai Building, Chicago, Ill. Authorized Agents: Please say where you saw this advertisement.

## SMOKERS FIND LEWIS' SINGLE BINDER

57 Cigarettes—Tasting like most 101 Cigarettes—Your jobber or nearest dealer.

PRUSSIAN HAIR POWDERS  
CURE DANDY, ITCH, and Wind Troubles  
GUARANTEED  
FACED BY THE  
FACED BY THE  
FACED BY THE

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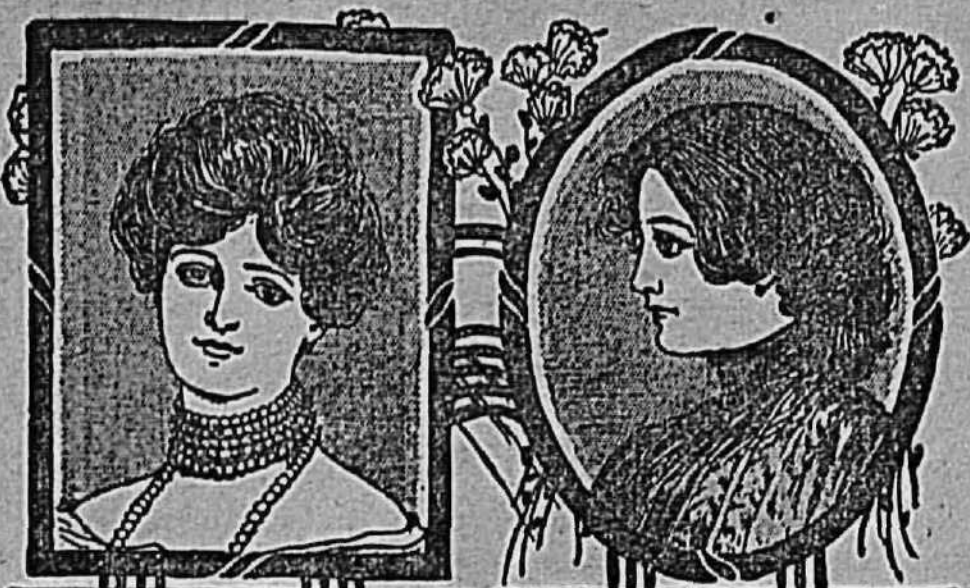
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.



## Tired, Nervous Mothers

Make Unhappy Homes—Their Condition Irritates Both Husband and Children—How Thousands of Mothers Have Been Saved From Nervous Prostration and Made Strong and Well.



Mrs. Chester Curry

Mrs. Chas. F. Brown

A nervous, irritable mother, often on the verge of hysterics, is unfit to care for children; it ruins a child's disposition and reacts upon herself. The trouble between children and their mothers too often is due to the fact that the mother has some female weakness, and she is entirely unfit to bear the strain upon her nerves that governing children involves; it is impossible for her to do anything calmly.

The ills of women act like a firebrand upon the nerves, consequently nine-tenths of the nervous prostration, nervous despondency, "the blues," sleeplessness, and nervous irritability of women arise from some derangement of the female organism.

Do you experience fits of depression with restlessness, alternating with extreme irritability? Are your spirits easily affected, so that one minute you laugh, and the next minute you feel like crying?

Do you feel something like a ball rising in your throat and threatening to choke you, all the senses perverted, morbidly sensitive to light and sound; pain in the ovaries, and especially between the shoulders; bearing down pains; nervous dyspepsia, and almost continually cross and angry?

If so, your nerves are in a shattered condition, and you are threatened with nervous prostration.

Proof is monumental that nothing in the world is better for nervous prostration than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; thousands and thousands of women testify to this fact.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

Perhaps, "I see that a Chicago photographer claims that his portrait of Dowd is the largest photograph in existence."

"But why should he make Dowd so big?"

"Perhaps he thought there'd be more prophet in it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Choice of Evils.

Singleton—Just as soon as a woman can manage a man her love begins to cool.

Wedderly—Yes; and just as soon as she discovers she can't manage him she begins to hate him.

There Are Others.

Harter—Grumble strikes me as being rather selfish. He seems to live entirely within himself.

Carter—Oh, well, he isn't the only man in town who lives in a flat.

STRENGTHEN THE STOMACH

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Really Cure Indigestion Instead of Merely Relieving Symptoms.

There are plenty of remedies by which you can relieve for the time heartburn, pain and gas on the stomach and can smother nervous sensations and induce artificial sleep. You can hamper your stomach by giving it predigested food. But when you take your next meal all your trouble begins afresh.

There is only one sensible thing to do. Strengthen the stomach and do away with the necessity for drugs and artificial food.

The best remedy ever found for this purpose is the one that was used by E. B. Strong, of Capleville, Shelby county, Tenn.

"For years," he states, "I suffered greatly from indigestion. I tried many different remedies and some of them would relieve me for a time, but the trouble always came back. About six months ago I had a unusually severe attack, and while I tried everything I had ever heard of, I found that none of the ordinary remedies would reach the difficulty this time."

"One day I read in a Memphis paper how Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had cured a Michigan woman, a sufferer from chronic dyspepsia of a most stubborn type. I then tried the same remedy and it proved just as successful in my case. I took only three boxes, and was cured. I have not had the slightest symptoms of indigestion since."

The tonic treatment has a sound principle as its basis, and abundant success in its use. Multitudes of cases that had tried other remedies have been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The pills force the blood, and strike at the root of the trouble, instead of being merely a mask for the symptoms.

They contain no harmful stimulants or opiates. Every type of indigestion, whether it be chronic or acute, is cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Send for a free copy.

Mischievous Legislation Threatened. Legislation is being threatened in many States during the coming winter, the suppression of the so-called "patent" medicine business.

The legislation would prohibit the sale of home remedies, and the effect would be to force the physician to take his patients to his office, and to pay him a fee for each visit.

The legislation as proposed would mean frequent long drives awaiting the arrival of a physician, when a simple remedy administered by a member of the household would have given relief, desired, or at least give temporary relief.

## GALE ON THE LAKES.

DEATH AND A RECORD LOSS IN FIERCE WIND.

Lives and Hundreds of Thousands of Dollars Are Cost of a Terrible Hurricane—Fatal Wreck Off Cleveland—Michigan Shore Is Swept.

Death and destruction resulted from one of the fiercest gales that ever swept the lower lakes, which lasted for twelve hours Thursday and Friday. Hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of property has been lost. Crippled vessels sought refuge in Chicago harbor, and at every other lake port. Many wrecks were reported.

The east shore of Lake Michigan suffered severely, dock property worth thousands of dollars being swept away at St. Joseph, South Haven, Holland, Grand Haven, and Muskegon. Heavy waves bombarded the coast, and the Perre Marquette bridge, spanning the St. Joseph River near its mouth, seemed in danger of being swept away. Summer resort property has been destroyed. At least two sailors lost their lives in the wreck of the steamer Sarah E. Sheldon off Lorain, Ohio. The hurricane is one of the worst in recent years, and it is believed shipping interests will be fortunate if many more wrecks are not reported.

Three vessels that made port at Chicago came in badly disabled. The Al Williams of Sheboygan was crippled to such extent that Capt. Charles Carland and his crew at the life-saving station prepared to go to the aid of the boat, but a tug reached the vessel and towed it into the harbor. Its canvas was torn into bits, its masts broken, and it showed the battering of the storm in other ways. The schooner Kate Lawrence, from Fort River, and the schooner Lotus, from Menominee, both lumber vessels, got in with difficulty, badly damaged.

The storm damaged portions of the sea wall along the Chicago north shore, and washed out huge chunks of the bluff north of Evanston.

BANK SCANDAL IS BIG

Political Loans Are Said to Have Ruined the Pennsylvania Institution.

Stalling developments have followed the investigation of the Enterprise National Bank at Allegheny City, Pa., which closed the other day. Names of several prominent citizens active in State politics have become more deeply involved in the scandal. Subsequent events are expected to be far more sensational than the suicide of T. Lee Clark, cashier of the bank.

This bank, which had on deposit \$800,000 of State funds, has failed. According to the president of the bank, who calls himself a "dummy president," nearly \$700,000 of the \$800,000 is out on paper of State politicians.

There have been occasions when considerable of the money was loaned to carry out a railroad deal which promised large profits. It fell through with much loss to those engaged in it.

The practice of placing State moneys where politicians could use them for speculative purposes and private gain is one of long standing in Pennsylvania. The funds are deposited in a bank or banks whose officers understand their business and make loans to the politicians who are in the "ring" without scrutinizing too closely the security they give.

There have been occasions when the method of doing business came near proving disastrous to all concerned. Unsuccessful speculation put in peril the funds of the State and threatened unpleasant consequences for those responsible for their safekeeping. The pitcher has gone once too often to the well, and much explaining will have to be done by somebody.

The politicians are using their utmost efforts to throw all the blame on the dead cashier. Directors of the bank declare Senator Penrose had a \$75,000 note in the bank, but it is understood the latter denies it.

A rapid inquiry is being made into Cashier Clark's personal affairs. He was estimated to have been worth \$300,000, but his friends say that he sank all his assets in an attempt to reimburse the bank and that his suicide followed his failure to stem the tide.

Clark's friends believe that investigation will show that he leaves no property and that he had given the bank all he had after his own bad investments were carried off. They declare he was ruined by business associates and that it will be found he is a defaulter.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

Chicago's average salary for elementary teachers is \$223 per annum.

There is a great scarcity of country teachers in western New York.

Kansas City has lengthened her public school term from nine to ten months.

Alexander Ribot is a candidate for the place of Audfret-Pasquier in the French Academy.

Nearly 5,000 new teachers are required in Michigan each year to keep the quota of 17,000 full.

Uniform examinations in Ohio will hereafter be prepared by the State school commissioners.

Alois Riehl, professor of philosophy at the University of Berlin, has for a motto, "Back to Kant."

There are sixty-one male principals in New York City who have averaged more than twenty-five years as professional teachers in that city.

Chicago puts a larger per cent of the operating expenses of her schools into salaries than does Philadelphia, Boston, St. Louis or Baltimore.

Mary Wiles of Unlontown, Pa., has the distinction of having attended public school every day for thirteen consecutive years. She has never been tardy a single time, and no teacher has ever found it necessary to reprimand her for any cause whatever.

## THE ONLY ONE

There is only One Genuine-Syrup of Figs,

The Genuine is Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

The full name of the company, California Fig Syrup Co., is printed on the front of every package of the genuine.

The Genuine-Syrup of Figs- is for Sale, in Original Packages Only, by Reliable Druggists Everywhere

Knowing the above will enable one to avoid the fraudulent imitations made by piratical concerns and sometimes offered by unreliable dealers. The imitations are known to act injuriously and should therefore be declined.

Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.

Always buy the Genuine-Syrup of Figs

MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky.

San Francisco, Cal.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE

New York, N. Y.



Dangerous Indeed.

"President Roosevelt," said the man on the back platform of a Harrison street car, "made himself universally popular by being umpire at the peace conference."

"Yes," assented the conductor, "but let us hope he will use discretion."

"What do you mean?"

"Let us hope he will never undertake to be umpire at a baseball game."

His Happiest Hour.

He—Do you remember the night I asked you to marry me?

She—Yes, dear.

"For a whole hour we sat there, and not a word did you speak. Ah, that was the happiest hour of my life!"—Echo of Paris.

Many Know This—Do You?

The following very interesting conversation between a patient and Mr. Walter Wellman, retired, two prominent citizens of the town, was recently overheard:

"I never buy patent medicine," said Mr. White.

"When I feel the need of medical assistance I call on a physician. I don't believe in taking a lot of stuff that I know nothing about. I know, however, that a great many do use it, and apparently with good results, but I am for getting a doctor."

"Your circumstances render this possible," replied Mr. Wellman, "but the majority of people must consider the expense. My experience is that some patent medicines frequently cure when the doctor's fails to succeed. Take, for instance, my affliction; say like constipation and stomach trouble. Did you ever hear of your family physician curing a case like that? If constipated, he gives you a physic; but a physic cannot cure constipation, and he will tell you so. It is a temporary relief and before long you need more physic or pills. The doctor charges you \$2 every time you call on him and you have to pay 50c or 75c to have his prescription filled. Pretty soon you have the 'pill' or 'physic' habit and your doctor has a steady customer. You cannot read the doctor's prescriptions. You cannot know what he gives you, and you don't know the ingredients of a patent medicine. No reliable company will put a lot of money into a patent medicine unless they are convinced that it will do all that is claimed for it. Usually it is the prescription of some specialist who has devoted his life to the study of a certain disease and has mastered it."

I mention constipation and stomach trouble because I need relief from that affliction for years. It is the beginning of nearly all diseases. Once it gets a grip on you, it is serious, stubborn and hard to overcome. I never knew a case that was cured by an ordinary practicing physician, but I do know of a number of bad cases that were permanently cured by a remedy called Mull's Grape Tonic. I have used it in my family with satisfactory results. It cured me, and I know a great many more persons it has cured. It costs 50 cents for a small bottle or \$1.00 for a large bottle. I don't know exactly all that is in it, but I do know it cures constipation and stomach trouble and that is more than my family doctor could do for me."

I was first attracted to the remedy by the company's offer to give the first bottle free to any one who would write to them giving their druggist's name. I am thankful for the benefit it has given and advise every sufferer from constipation to write to the Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 21 1/2 Ave. Stock Island, Ill., giving them their druggist's address, so that they can procure a bottle free of expense."

An Insinuation.

"Women," remarked Growells, "always have their purses filled with samples."

"Anyway," rejoined Mrs. Growells, in a tone redolent of sarcasm, "we don't get them filled in 'sample rooms.'"

I find Piso's Cure for Consumption the best medicine for croupy children.—Mrs. F. Callahan, 114 Hall street, Parkersburg, W. Va., April 10, 1901.

Finland was conquered by Sweden after a long struggle, and the people Christianized during the closing years of the thirteenth century.

Cataract of the Bladder and Kidney Trouble abated by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. World famous for over 30 years. \$1.50 a bottle.

The largest flour mill in the world is in Montreal. It turns out 5,000 barrels of flour a day.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children (settling) softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures whooping cough, 5 cents a bottle.

THE BEST COUGH CURE

A well-known Rochester lady says: "I stayed in the Adirondacks, away from friends and home, two winters before I found that by taking

Kemp's Balsam

I could subdue the cough that drove me away from home and seemed likely to never allow me to live there in winter."

Kemp's Balsam will cure any cough that can be cured by any medicine.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

PEDESTRIANS TRAGED. Crows, etc., at reasonable rates, satisfaction assured. Address G. A. TAYLOR, Lancaster Street, Albany, N. Y.

FOUND. Sure Remedy for Dandruff and falling hair. See page 10. Price 50c. per bottle. Campbell Alliance Co., Box 220, Detroit, Michigan.

FOR SALE. Farms, Timber Lands and cut-over lands in the Northwest. Address: W. H. Hill, Jonesboro, Ark. and elsewhere.

OKLAHOMA. Margarine in France sent for direct sale. 100 lbs. 50c. Cushing, Okla.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year. THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE

Carecure

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

PRICE, 25 Cts

TO CURE THE GRIP IN ONE DAY

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

5224 ACRES OF LEAD AND ZINC LAND Situated on the Price and Douglas counties, Mo. The land belongs to the Mo-Kansas Lead and Zinc Co. The company is selling a limited amount of treasury stock for development purposes only. Send us your name and address, we will mail you free of charge, our book. It tells all about our stock which is one of the best on the market; a sure money maker. Stock is selling rapidly at 30 per share and is in order to secure some of it at this low price you will find it to be a money maker. Remember there is always a market for lead and zinc. MISSOURI-KANSAS LEAD AND ZINC CO., BUILDING, FREDONIA, KANSAS.

The World's Standard

DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATORS

600,000 in Use. Ten Times as much Cream as any other separator.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO. 14 Cornhill Street, NEW YORK.

DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATORS

FOR WOMEN

troubled with illa peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvellously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOTAL AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY, BOSTON, U.S.A.

THIS BEATS NEW JERSEY'S "Paxtine" in every respect. Address: LEOA G. HALL, 414 Grant Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. U.S.A.

NO. 43-1905

IF writing to Advertisers, please do not fail to mention you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

St. Jacobs Oil

and saves time, money and gets out of misery quickly.

Price, 25c. and 50c.

HE ATTENDS TO BUSINESS

who goes straight to work to cure

Hurts, Sprains, Bruises

by the use of

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more vibrant and faster colors than any other dye. One 100 package colors all fibers. Putnam Dye Co., Chicago, Ill.

They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye with Putnam Dye Co., Chicago, Ill.

Putnam Dye Co., Chicago, Ill.

Putnam Dye Co., Chicago, Ill.

Putnam Dye Co., Chicago, Ill.

Putnam Dye Co., Chicago, Ill.



**BANK OF ANTIOCH,**  
EDWARD BROOK,  
BANKER.  
BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE,  
AND DO A GENERAL  
BANKING BUSINESS.

**WISCONSIN CENTRAL  
RAILWAY CO.**

Antioch Station 53 Miles North of Chicago  
TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH  
Lv. Chicago. Ar. Antioch.  
8:35 AM—No. 8, Daily ex Sunday 10:30 AM  
1:30 PM—No. 7, Daily ex Sunday 3:15 PM  
4:30 PM—No. 19, Daily

GOING SOUTH  
Lv. Antioch. Ar. Chicago.  
7:13 AM—No. 14, Daily ..... 10:20 AM  
11:37 AM—No. 8, Daily ex Sunday 1:36 PM  
4:20 PM—No. 6, Daily ex Sunday 6:16 PM  
9:08 PM—No. 2, Daily ..... 10:50 PM  
Patrons can now board or leave the above trains at Halstead street, Chicago, instead of the Central station if so desired.  
GEO. KUHAUPT, Agent, Antioch.

**LOTUS CAMP** No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting neighbors always welcome.  
C. M. MARLEY, V. C.  
J. C. JAMES, Jr., Clerk.

**SEQUOIA LODGE**, No. 87, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evening of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome.  
The Eastern Star meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month.

**LAKE VILLA, ILL.**

B. H. Overton was in town Thursday.  
Work has begun on Mr. H. Potter's new house.

Mr. R. A. Douglas spent Sunday at home.

Mr. Hewitt spent Sunday with Mr. Munson.

Ben Hohnes, of Burlington, was seen on our streets Monday.

Mrs. C. Harbaugh was in the city Monday.

Mrs. N. O. Munson and sister were in Antioch Sunday.

Mrs. W. J. Seborn spent Thursday with her sister at Grayslake.

O. A. Gullidge visited the Lake Villa school Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Potter spent Thursday afternoon in the city.

Mr. N. C. Munson, Miss Ethel Collins, Gertrude Miller and Florence Watson attended the teachers meeting at Waukegan Saturday.

The League will give a play in the near future for the benefit of the furnace. Watch for date.

The Ladies Aid society will meet with Mrs. James Kerr, Wednesday, Nov. 1st. Visitors cordially invited. Flora K. Nelson, secretary.

The ladies of the Fox Lake cemetery society will meet with Mrs. L. W. Rowling on Thursday afternoon, Nov. 2. Visitors cordially invited. Tessie Nelson, Sec'y.

The following officers and committee are chosen to work in the League the coming year: President, Mr. C. Harris; 1st vice-president, Miss E. Collins—her committee, Mrs. Harris, Mrs. Harbaugh and Mr. Munson; 2nd vice-pres. Miss Belle Richards—her committee, Mrs. King, Mrs. Harris and Mrs. C. G. Nelson; 3rd vice-pres. Mrs. J. G. Rowling—her committee, Mrs. E. and Mrs. King; 4th vice-pres. Mrs. Potter, Mrs. Seborn—her committee, Miss Watson and the young ladies, Munson, and Mr. C. Harbaugh and Mr. Harris.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs and colds and prevents pneumonia. Take no substitutes. Sold by J. H. Swan.

**KILL THE COUGH  
AND CURE THE LUNGS**  
WITH **Dr. King's  
New Discovery**  
FOR CONSUMPTION  
Coughs and  
Colds  
Price  
50c & \$1.00  
Free Trial.  
Surest and Quickest Cure for all  
THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES,  
or MONEY BACK.

**T. N. DONNELLY & Co.**  
Jewelers and Diamond Brokers  
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.  
Between Washington and Madison.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY  
at less than cost. At half the price you pay  
the regular stores. Dec 19 01 71

**James A. Thom, M. D. C.**  
Veterinarian  
PHONE—Milburn.  
ADDRESS—Antioch R. F. D. No. 2.

**HALL'S** VEGETABLE SICILIAN  
Hair Renewer  
A splendid tonic for the hair, makes the hair grow long and heavy.  
Always restores color to gray hair, all the dark, rich color of youth.  
Stops falling hair, also. Sold for fifty years.

**Ayer's**

Do you like your thin, rough, short hair? Of course you don't. Do you like thick, heavy, smooth hair? Of course you do. Then why

**Hair Vigor**

not be pleased? Ayer's Hair Vigor makes beautiful heads of hair, that's the whole story. Sold for 60 years.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for a long time. It is, indeed, a wonderful hair tonic, restoring health to the hair and scalp, and, at the same time, proving a splendid dressing."  
Dr. J. W. TAYLOR, Madill, Ind. T.

1/20 a bottle.  
All druggists.  
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

**Weak Hair**

TREVOR, WIS.

John Pitcher and wife were Chicago visitors last Wednesday.

Miss Alma Cavanaugh is spending the week in Chicago.

Mrs. Montgomery and daughters were Wilmot callers Monday.

Miss Mildred Lubano returned Saturday from her visit with relatives in Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. Schumacher arrived home the first of the week after spending some time visiting a brother in the northern part of the state.

Mrs. Lubano, Mrs. Terping, Mrs. Patrick and Miss Patrick spent Saturday with Mrs. George Faulkner at Wilmot.

Ellery Patterson of Glendive, Montana, was shaking hands with Trevor friends one day last week.

Alvin Paddock and wife of Salem were the guests of H. Lubano and family Saturday evening.

Miss Florence Lamb and Miss Trixie Bohm have gone to Chicago where they have accepted positions for the winter.

A new idea in Cough Syrup is advanced in Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar. Besides containing Pine Tar, Honey and other valuable remedies, it is rendered laxative, so that its use insures a prompt and efficient evacuation of the bowels. It relaxes the nervous system and cures all coughs, colds, croup, etc. A red clover blossom and the honey bee is on every bottle of the Original Laxative Cough Syrup—Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar. Sold by J. H. Swan, Antioch.

**The Dodging Period**  
of a woman's life is the name often given to "change of life." Your menses come at long intervals, and grow scantier until they stop. The change lasts three or four years, and causes much pain and suffering, which can, however, be cured, by

**WINE OF CARDUI**  
Woman's Refuge in Distress  
It quickly relieves the pain, nervousness, irritability, miserableness, fainting, dizziness, hot and cold flashes, weakness, tired feeling, etc. Cardui will bring you safely through the "dodging period," and build up your strength for the rest of your life. Try it.  
You can get it at all druggists in \$1.00 bottles.

**WINE OF CARDUI**  
"EVERYTHING BUT DEATH"  
I suffered, writes Virginia Robson, of Easton, Md., until I took Cardui, which cured me so quickly it surprised my doctor, who didn't know I was taking it.

**PATENTS**  
We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign  
Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure U. S. Patents, write Patent and TRADE-MARKS to  
**CASNOW & Co.**  
OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE,  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

**James A. Thom, M. D. C.**  
Veterinarian  
PHONE—Milburn.  
ADDRESS—Antioch R. F. D. No. 2.

**HALL'S** VEGETABLE SICILIAN  
Hair Renewer  
A splendid tonic for the hair, makes the hair grow long and heavy.  
Always restores color to gray hair, all the dark, rich color of youth.  
Stops falling hair, also. Sold for fifty years.

**The Better Way**

The tissues of the throat are inflamed and irritated; you cough, and there is more irritation—more coughing. You take a cough mixture and it cases the irritation—for a while. You take

**SCOTT'S EMULSION**

and it cures the cold. That's what is necessary. It soothes the throat because it reduces the irritation; cures the cold because it drives out the inflammation; builds up the weakened tissues because it nourishes them back to their natural strength. That's how Scott's Emulsion deals with a sore throat, a cough, a cold, or bronchitis.

WE'LL SEND YOU A SAMPLE FREE.  
**SCOTT & BOWNE**, 409 Pearl Street New York

**BRISTOL, WIS.**

Mr. H. Hockney made the round trip to Chicago on Saturday last.

Mr. W. A. Rowbottom intends to leave for Chicago some time this week, where he has accepted a position in the wholesale house of Franklin McVeagh & Co.

Mr. John Hunt, formerly of this place, now of Davis, Cal., is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. G. McCalmont spent the latter part of last week with relatives and friends in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Frickner and family left on Thursday for Pasadena, Cal., where they will make their future home.

Mr. Bailey of Salem was seen on our streets on Saturday last week.

Mr. Will Gunter spent Sunday evening at Genoa Junction.

Mr. Bryant Benson of Genoa Junction spent Sunday at the Bacon home.

Miss Flora Hessel formerly of this place, now of Pasadena, Cal., is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Messrs W. A. Rowbottom and George Brown and Misses Cora Bishop and Nettie Murdoch spent Sunday afternoon in the city of Woodworth.

**Don't Borrow Trouble.**

It is a bad habit to borrow anything, but the worst thing you can possibly borrow, is trouble. When sick, sore, heavy, weary and worn-out by the pains and poisons of dyspepsia, biliousness, Bright's disease, and similar internal disorders, don't sit down and brood over your symptoms, but fly for relief to Electric Bitters. Here you will find sure and permanent relief of all your troubles, and your body will not be burdened by a load of debt disease. At J. H. Swan's drug store, Price 50c. Guaranteed.

**Always In Hot Water.**  
Lady (severely)—Young man, have you ever taken a bath?  
Tramp (reproachfully)—Oh, lady! And me in hot water from the hour of me birth!

**A Dozen Times a Night.**

Mrs. Owen Dunn, of Benton Ferry, W. Va., writes: "I have had kidney and bladder trouble for years, and it became so bad that I was obliged to get up at least a dozen times a night. I never received any permanent benefit from any medicine until I tried Foley's Kidney Cure. After using two bottles, I am cured." Sold by J. H. Swan.

**Record Cargo of Bananas.**  
A record cargo of bananas was landed at Manchester recently, consisting of 57,000 bunches. They were from Costa Rica.

It is impossible to have a clear head, an active brain, a vigorous constitution or a strong body when the digestion is weak or when the stomach is out of order. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will put the stomach and digestive organs in good condition and improve the general condition. Sold by J. H. Swan, Antioch.

**Pineapples Fed to Pige.**  
Pineapples are so plentiful in Natal at certain seasons that they are not worth carting to market and so are often given to pige.

**Bronchitis For Twenty Years.**  
Mrs. Minerva Smith, of Danville, Ill., writes: "I had bronchitis for twenty years and never got relief until I used Foley's Honey and Tar, which is a sure cure." Sold by J. H. Swan.

**War is a Godsend.**  
Manchuria is gaining by the war. The Chuo-Shimbun estimates that fully 100,000,000 yen, or \$50,000,000, of Japanese money had been disbursed in Manchuria up to the middle of April.

**"Watch The Kidneys"**  
"When they are affected, life is in danger," says Dr. Abernethy, the great English physician. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys. Sold by J. H. Swan.

**HOARSE COUGHS STUFFY COLDS**

QUICKLY CURED BY  
**Foley's Honey and Tar**

There is no case on record of a cold resulting in Pneumonia, or other serious lung trouble, after Foley's Honey and Tar had been taken.

It will cure the most obstinate racking cough, and heals and strengthens the lungs.

Foley's Honey and Tar has cured many cases of incipient Consumption and even in the last stages will always give comfort and relief.

Foley's Honey and Tar gives quick relief to Asthma sufferers, as it relieves the difficult breathing at once.

Remember the name—Foley's Honey and Tar—and refuse substitutes that cost you the same as the genuine. Do not take chances with some unknown preparation.

Contains no opiates.

**Cured of Terrible Cough on Lungs.**

N. Jackson, of Danville, Ill., writes: "My daughter had a severe attack of La Grippe and a terrible cough on her lungs. We tried a great many remedies without relief. She tried Foley's Honey and Tar, which cured her. She has never been troubled with a cough since."

**Consumption Cured.**

Foley & Co., Chicago, Dana, Ind. Gentlemen—Foley's Honey and Tar cured me of Consumption after I had suffered two years and was almost desperate. Three physicians failed to give me any relief and the last one said he could do me no good. I tried almost every medicine I heard tell of without benefit, until Foley's Honey and Tar was recommended to me. Its effect right from the start was magical. I improved steadily from the first dose and am now sound and well, and think Foley's Honey and Tar is a God-send to people with Throat and Lung Trouble. Yours very truly,  
MRS. MARY AMBROSE.

Three sizes—25c, 50c, \$1.00.  
The 50 cent size contains two and one-half times as much as the small size and the \$1.00 bottle almost six times as much.

**SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY  
JAMES H. SWAN**

**Fewer Deaths from Tuberculosis.**  
A remarkable decrease in the number of deaths from tuberculosis in the larger cities of Prussia within the last two decades is recorded. In 1886 the death rate in cities of over 100,000 inhabitants was 37.35 per 10,000; in 1902 it was only 22 per 10,000.

No Pill is as pleasant and positive as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. These Famous Little Pills are so mild and effective that children, delicate ladies and weak people enjoy their cleansing effect, while strong people say they are the best liver pills sold. Sold by J. H. Swan, Antioch.

**Long-Separated Partners Fight.**  
George Maybell and Ire Hoeye, once friends and partners in business, met in the street in Fresno, Cal., the other day, after not having seen each other for twenty-five years, and at once began to fight over \$5 that one owed the other.

You may be just as skeptical and pessimistic as you please. Kodol will digest what you eat whether you eat or not. You can put your food in a bowl, pour a little Kodol Dyspepsia Cure on it and it will digest it the same as it will in your stomach. It can't help but cure Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is curing hundreds and thousands—some had faith and some didn't. Sold by J. H. Swan, Antioch.

**The Great Essential.**  
"Then you don't consider him an expert fisherman."  
"Of course not. Why, he hasn't any imagination whatever."

**THE ORIGINAL LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP**

Cures all Coughs and assists in expelling Colds from the System by gently moving the bowels. A certain cure for croup and whooping-cough.  
(Trade Mark Registered.)  
**KENNEDY'S LAXATIVE HONEY AND TAR**  
PREPARED AT THE LABORATORY OF  
J. C. DEWITT & CO., CHICAGO, U. S. A.  
J. H. SWAN, ANTIOCH.

**School Books**

**School Supplies**

at **SWAN'S DRUG STORE**

**SPECIAL ROUND TRIP  
HOMESEEEKER'S EXCURSIONS**

TO THE  
**SOUTH-WEST**

TEXAS, OKLAHOMA, MISSOURI, INDIAN TERRITORY, ARKANSAS.

**October 3 and 17, November 7 and 21, December 5 and 19.**

75 PER CENT OF THE ONE WAY RATE FOR ROUND TRIP.  
STOP-OVERS WILL BE ALLOWED GOING AND RETURNING.

For further particulars **GEO. E. WEBB, Antioch, Ill.**  
Call on or Address

USE  
**A-B** Stove Polish  
WORLD'S BEST  
LIQUID AND DRY  
Ayling Bros., 14 Madison Ave., Chicago

**BADLY DECAYED TEETH**  
CAN BE SAVED BY  
**G. R. OLCOTT**  
Dentist  
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**SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED**  
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112 Genesee St. Waukegan, Ill.

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**The Brooke-Barlow Investment Co.**

has Money To Loan

on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire

**BANK OF ANTIOCH.**

**F. S. MORRELL,  
DENTIST.**

McMahon Block. Lake Villa, Ill.

**R. W. Churchill,**

Attorney-at-Law

Grayslake, Ill.

**Women as Well as Men**

**Are Made Miserable by**

**Kidney Trouble.**

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Silence Golden.

All wives need the golden gift of silence in the matter of their husband's business.—World and His Wife.

To draw the fire out of a burn, heal a cut without leaving a scar, or to cure boils, sores, tetter, eczema and all skin and scalp diseases, use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Ointment. A specific for piles. Get the genuine. Sold by J. H. Swan, Antioch.

**Famous Marble Stairway.**  
The famous marble staircase of the Glasgow municipal buildings cost \$280,000.

**Spent More Than \$1,000.**  
W. W. Baker, of Plainview, Nebraska, writes: "My wife suffered from lung trouble for fifteen years. She tried a number of cures and spent over \$1,000 without relief. She became very low and lost all hope. A friend recommended Foley's Honey and Tar, and thanks to this great remedy saved her life. She enjoys her health and is known in 10 miles for her recovery. Sold by J. H. Swan, Antioch.